

I. Summer Program

- A. Level of participation
- B. Financial support for participants
- C. Two-week seminars
- D. Summary of enrollment, 1963
- E. Summary of expected enrollment, 1964

Addenda:

- 1. Proposal to the National Science Foundation for Advanced Science Seminars on Quantitative Political Research, Summer, 1965
- 2. Proposal to the National Science Foundation for Research Conference on the Application of Behavioral Research Techniques to the Analysis of Historical Political Data, Summer, 1965
- 3. Proposal to the National Science Foundation for Research Conference on Theoretical Models for the Analysis of Community Power Structures, Summer, 1965

## I. Summer Program

### A. Level of participation

The strengths and weaknesses of the 1963 advanced graduate training program are reflected, at least indirectly, in subsequent events. Despite a substantial increase in the number of schools participating as members of the Consortium, the anticipated increase in individual participation in the summer program in 1964 will be modest. Some 21 faculty members participated in 1963; to date only 22 have indicated their intention to participate in 1964. Graduate student enrollment is up from 41 to 47. These increases are almost directly proportional to the modest increase in subsidization from the Consortium operating budget; enrollment is up 13 percent and the subsidy increase from \$12,365 to \$13,560 is 10 percent.

On the other hand, the proportion of elections for graduate credit increased very sharply, from 23 percent of all elections in 1963 to 47 percent in 1964. This supports the casual impression of the staff that more schools are incorporating the Consortium offerings in their programs of graduate study. It is also true that a number of new Consortium members are only in the early stages of launching their own doctoral programs and have joined the Consortium expecting to make use of the training facilities in the years to come.

### B. Financial support for participants

Despite good intentions and firm resolve, the level of subsidization for summer program participants did not increase appreciably in 1964. Requests for support did increase markedly. This clear, if unnecessary, testimony to the need for additional financing was anticipated by council and staff in overtures to various granting agencies. The problem has been discussed with appropriate personnel in the National Science Foundation and an informal outline of our needs has been presented to them. A formal proposal for support through the Advanced Science Seminar program will be submitted in the near future.

The availability of substantial support for 1965 is much to be desired, but would bring with it a new problem in terms of the number of participants. Keeping in mind the past demonstrations of need and the present indications of a large increase in potential participants from new members, financial resources to support the active demand would doubtless mean a doubling--or more--of summer enrollments. Council and staff will be challenged to locate the instructors needed to maintain program standards.

### C. Two-week seminars

The two-week seminars of 1963 also left their mark on subsequent events. A manuscript from the Deutsch-Hyman lectures on cross-national and cross-cultural research is being reviewed by a prospective publisher. The Council and staff have decided to seek a flexible arrangement with a publisher whereby each manuscript submitted by the Consortium would be treated as an ad hoc candidate for publication. A succession of good manuscripts will result in a monographic series. Seminar leaders, in turn, may or may not choose to produce a manuscript suitable for publication.

There were some indications from the 1963 experience that the seminar format which is most likely to produce an excellent manuscript may not result in the most exciting direct experience for seminar participants.

The judicial behavior seminar stimulated a range of interests in data collection. As a consequence of proposals submitted to the Council by seminar members, funds have been acquired to secure the annual set of records of cases terminated in the U. S. Court system. Funds have also been obtained to sponsor one or more conferences concerned with the collection of additional data on judicial behavior to be added to the Consortium archives. Finally, a proposal has been submitted to the Survey Research Center suggesting a set of questions to be included in the 1964 election study.

The forthcoming 1964 seminar on legislative behavior is also located in a larger context than the limited two-week seminar period implies. It will be the third in a series of related meetings and will precede a major set of research activities. The first event was a conference on Congressional research. The conference was sponsored by the Consortium and financed by the Social Science Research Council in response to a proposal submitted to the Council by Professor Theodore Lowi of Cornell. Many of the 25 participants attended a subsequent conference on Congressional research called by Professor Ralph Huitt of Wisconsin. The Consortium seminar will be followed by a series of studies of Congress that will be carried out under Professor Huitt's leadership, financed by the Carnegie Corporation in response to a proposal sponsored by the American Political Science Association. Through fortunate circumstances of timing, the Consortium sponsored conference and seminar are contributing to a very major research effort relevant to the interests of many Consortium participants.

Tentative plans for 1965 include a seminar on analytic methods of historical analysis. This seminar would also be a part of a new thrust in political research. It would respond to the accelerated interest in the systematic analysis of historical data. It would exploit the current collection of election data being added to the repository; it might also suggest the potential for a major addition to the Consortium training program.

# INTER-UNIVERSITY CONSORTIUM FOR POLITICAL RESEARCH

## 1963 Summer Program Attendance

	<u>687</u>	<u>787</u>	<u>781</u>	<u>782</u>	<u>524</u>	<u>583</u>	<u>584</u>	<u>684</u>	<u>687</u>
Credit	12	11	8	5	3			1	1
Visitor	6	4	6	5	8			3	7
Auditor	18	15	16	3	1	2	2		
Ph.D. Guest	<u>10</u>	<u>6</u>	<u>13</u>	<u>11</u>	<u>2</u>	<u>2</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>—</u>
	46	36	43	24	14	4	2	4	8

ICPR	PS 687	Proseminar in Behavior Research Methods		
	PS 781	Seminar in Comparative Political Analysis (Deutsch/Hyman)		
	PS 787	Seminar in Quantitative Political Analysis	)	second 4 weeks
	PS 782	Seminar in Research on Judicial Behavior (Murphy/Tanenhaus)	)	
SRC	Soc 524	Computer Applications in Survey Research		second 4 weeks
	Soc 583	Introduction to Survey Research I		
	Soc 584	Introduction to Survey Research II		second 4 weeks
	Soc 684	Case Studies in Survey Research	first &	second 4 weeks
	Soc 687	Methods of Survey Sampling		second 4 weeks

# INTER-UNIVERSITY CONSORTIUM FOR POLITICAL RESEARCH

## 1964 Summer Program Attendance (as of June 1, 1964)

	<u>687</u>	<u>787</u>	<u>781</u>	<u>782</u>	<u>583</u>	<u>584</u>	<u>684</u>	<u>585</u>	<u>615</u>	<u>687</u>	<u>524</u>
Credit	20	19	15	11	11	7			2	4	3
Auditor	18	15	17	14	1	1		1	1		3
Ph.D. Guest	5	6	14	2							
Visitor (non-member)	1	2	1	2							
	<u>44</u>	<u>42</u>	<u>47</u>	<u>29</u>	<u>12</u>	<u>8</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>1</u>	<u>3</u>	<u>4</u>	<u>6</u>

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ICPR	PS 687	Proseminar in Behavioral Research Methods	
	PS 781	Seminar in Legislative Behavior	
	PS 787	Seminar in Quantitative Political Analyses	)
	PS 782	Seminar in Political Research in Developing Countries	) second 4 weeks
SRC	Psych 583	Introduction to Survey Research I	
	Psych 584	Introduction to Survey Research II	second four weeks
	Psych 684	Case Studies in Survey Research	
	Psych 585	Analysis of Survey Data	second four weeks
	Psych 615	Case Studies of Surveys in Organizations	second four weeks
	Psych 687	Methods of Survey Sampling	second four weeks
	Psych 524	Computer Applications in Survey Research	second four weeks