

INTER-UNIVERSITY CONSORTIUM FOR POLITICAL AND SOCIAL RESEARCH

P.O. BOX 1248 • ANN ARBOR, MICHIGAN 48106 • AREA CODE 313, 764-2570 • CABLE: ICPSR

April 1981

MEMO TO: ICPSR Official Representatives

FROM: ICPSR Staff

SUBJECT: 1981 Information Mailing #2

The ICPSR informational mailings include news and notes pertaining to the operation of the Consortium and its services as well as other information of potential interest to the academic community. Official Representatives are encouraged to communicate their views on ICPSR operations, policies, and procedures to the staff for inclusion in future mailings.

This particular mailing includes the following:

1. Additions to Archive Holdings (pp. 1-12)
2. Revisions and Updates (pp. 13-14)
3. Errata to Documentation and Data (p. 15)
4. A Query on the Microfiching of ICPSR Codebooks (p. 16)
5. An update on 1980 Census Developments at ICPSR (pp. 17-18)
6. An Announcement from the Academy of Criminal Justice Sciences (p. 19)
7. A Note on the Survey Research Center (ISR) Summer Institute (p. 20)
8. An Announcement on the 1981 IFDO-IASSIST Conference
9. The Preliminary Programs of the Conference on Computers in the Humanities, and the Conference on Easier and More Productive Use of Computing Systems
10. A flier on the Columbia University "Annual Housing Survey Project"
11. The Bulletin from the SSRC-University of Essex Survey Archive

ADDITIONS TO ARCHIVAL HOLDINGS
(APRIL 1981)

The Detroit News;

MICHIGAN SURVEY OF VOTER ATTITUDES, OCTOBER 1980. (ICPSR 7835)

This study of Michigan voters was conducted by the University of Michigan's Center for Political Studies with the support of the Detroit News. Telephone interviews were conducted between September 26 and October 21, 1980 with a probability sample of 690 Michigan residents of voting age. The sample was selected through random digit dialing procedures developed and implemented by the University of Michigan's Survey Research Center's Sampling Section.

Interviews focused on respondents' interests and involvement in politics, their evaluations of President Carter's performance in office, and their preferences among the presidential candidates. Respondents were also questioned concerning their positions on the issues in the 1980 election, their reactions to the Reagan-Anderson debate, their evaluations of Reagan, Carter and Anderson as potential presidents, and their own socio-economic status.

The data is available in card-image or logical record length format. There are 71 variables for each of the 690 cases. Class II

Harrigan, Patrick J.;

STUDENTS IN SECONDARY SCHOOLS IN FRANCE, 1864. (ICPSR 7806)

This study is based on data collected from questionnaires administered in 1864 by the French Minister of Education. Leaders of French education answered more than 100 questions on a variety of subjects, including curriculum, textbooks, qualifications of instructors, relationship between public and private schools, and the public image of these schools. Patrick Harrigan has organized these data so they can be used to analyze the socio-economic origins of the students and the amount of social mobility fostered by public education.

This dataset specifically includes information on the father's occupation, graduating student's intended occupation, and occupation of recent graduates of the secondary schools. There are 27,771 records in the file, one for each of the students and graduates who were studied and one for many of the fathers. The dataset has 10 variables which are based on information selected from the original questionnaire to be used specifically to analyze mobility, with one deck of data for each of the records. The data are available in card-image format. Class III

Related publications:

Harrigan, Patrick J.,

Mobility, Elites and Education in French Society of the Second Empire. Waterloo, Ontario: Wilfrid Laurier University Press, 1980.

Harrigan, Patrick J.,

Lycees et Collegiens Sous Le Second Empire. Lille: L'Universite de Lille, 1979.

Jones, Alice Hanson;

AMERICAN COLONIAL WEALTH ESTIMATES, 1774. (ICPSR 7329)

This collection was produced by an extensive research project that cataloged and analyzed the various types of wealth in the American colonies in 1774 just before the Revolution. County probate records were collected and studied in the New England colonies, the Middle Colonies, New York, and the South (mainly Charleston, South Carolina), both in rural and urban settings. Altogether, the probate inventories of 919 decedents were analyzed in 21 colonial counties and every attempt was made to assure that a random sample was gathered.

Four printed volumes, cited below, can be used as documentation for the data files. The first is a discussion of the entire project, including tables, graphs, summaries and conclusions. The other three volumes include some documentation for the codes used as well as the verbatim listings of the probate files of the 919 persons studied.

There are 24 separate data files, containing from 23 to 9,867 records, each with logical record lengths ranging from 17-160 characters per record. The datasets have from 4-33 variables. There are three wealth summary files (one for each of the three regions), six middle colony wealth detail files, one wealth summary (middle colonies) file, one age in years file (all colonies), eight ordered files listing wealth of each decedent (all regions), and five files of regression analyses for the Southern colonies. Class III

Related publications:

Jones, Alice Hanson,

Wealth of a Nation to Be: The American Colonies on the Eve of the Revolution. New York: Columbia University Press, 1980.

Jones, Alice Hanson,

American Colonial Wealth, Documents and Methods, Volumes I, II, III. New York: Arno Press, 1977.

Law Enforcement Assistance Administration;
CENSUS OF PUBLIC JUVENILE DETENTION, CORRECTIONAL, AND SHELTER
FACILITIES, 1979. (ICPSR 7846)

The Census of Public Juvenile Detention, Correctional, and Shelter Facilities is conducted biennially by the U.S. Bureau of the Census for the Law Enforcement Assistance Administration. In 1979, 1,015 facilities responded to the survey which asked questions about expenditures, personnel, and resident populations.

The data include the number of full- and part-time staff, operating and capital expenditures, physical size of facilities, number of admissions and types of offenses for resident juvenile population, sex and average age, detention status, and average length of stay for committed juveniles.

The collection contains approximately 235 variables for the 1,015 facilities and has a logical record length of 3,600 characters. Class IV

McLaughlin, Frank E., et al.;

PRIMARY CARE JUDGMENTS OF NURSES AND PHYSICIANS, 1976-1978: CLINICAL SIMULATION TEST - CHRONIC OBSTRUCTIVE PULMONARY DISEASE DATA. (ICPSR 7731)

The purpose of the study was to measure the clinical judgments of health professionals in relation to a panel of eight national experts in the specific area of chronic obstructive pulmonary disease. A 900-item questionnaire, known as the Clinical Simulation Test, was given to 200 respondents who were divided into six groups: family practice physicians, nurse practitioners with master's degrees, certified nurse practitioners, public health nurses, medical students, and first-year nursing students. The instrument simulates the process of diagnosis, treatment and management of a 53-year-old Caucasian male with chronic obstructive pulmonary disease. The test contains thirteen sections and three diagnostic tests. Nine of the test sections require the respondent to choose from a list of possible actions and four sections are open-ended and require the respondent to identify relevant patient data or list patient problems. Data also include demographic information about the respondents of the study and an evaluation of the test instrument by the respondents.

The data are available in card-image format, with 22 cards of data per respondent. A 527-card deck composed of a FORTRAN IV source deck and data necessary to score respondents on a proficiency scale is also included, plus the responses of eight experts (22 cards of data per respondent) used for the purpose of test instrument validation. Class IV

Related publications:

McLaughlin, Frank E., et al.,

Primary Care Judgments of Nurses and Physicians, Volume 1 - Report of the Research, November 1978, San Francisco Veterans Administration Hospital, San Francisco, California.

McLaughlin, Frank E., et al.,

Primary Care Judgments of Nurses and Physicians, Volume 3 - Clinical Simulation Test for C.O.P.D., November 1978, San Francisco Veterans Administration Hospital, San Francisco, California.

McLaughlin, Frank E., et al.,

"Nurse Practitioners, Public Health Nurses, and Physicians' Performance on Clinical Simulation Test: C.O.P.D.," Western Journal of Nursing Research, 1 (Fall 1979).

McLaughlin, Frank E., et al.;

PRIMARY CARE JUDGMENTS OF NURSES AND PHYSICIANS, 1976-1978: CLINICAL SIMULATION TEST - HYPERTENSION DATA. (ICPSR 7732)

The purpose of the study was to measure the clinical judgments of health professionals in relation to a panel of eight national experts in the specific area of hypertension. A 600-item questionnaire, known as the Clinical Simulation Test, was given to 173 respondents who were divided into six groups: family practice physicians, nurse practitioners with master's degrees, certified nurse practitioners, public health nurses, pre-medical students, and nursing students. The instrument simulates the process of diagnosis, treatment and management of a 46-year-old Caucasian male with essential hypertension. The test contains eleven sections and three diagnostic tests. Eight of the test sections require the respondent to choose from among a list of possible actions. Three sections are open-ended and require the respondent to identify relevant patient data or list patient problems. Data also include demographic information about the respondents of the study and an evaluation of the test instrument by the respondents.

The data are available in card-image format, with 14 cards of data per respondent. A 459-card deck composed of a FORTRAN IV source deck and data necessary to score respondents on a proficiency scale is also included, plus the responses of eight experts (14 cards of data per expert) used for the purpose of test instrument validation. Class IV

Related publications:

McLaughlin, Frank E., et al.,

Primary Care Judgments of Nurses and Physicians, Volume 1 - Report of the Research, November 1978, San Francisco Veterans Administration Hospital, San Francisco, California.

McLaughlin, Frank E., et al.,

Primary Care Judgments of Nurses and Physicians, Volume 2 - Clinical Simulation Test for Hypertension, November 1978, San Francisco Veterans Administration Hospital, San Francisco, California

McLaughlin, Frank E., et al.,

"Nurses' and Physicians' Performance on Clinical Simulation Test: Hypertension," Research in Nursing and Health, 2 (1979).

National Academy of Sciences. Committee on Occupational Classification and Analysis;

DICTIONARY OF OCCUPATIONAL TITLES (DOT): PART I - CURRENT POPULATION SURVEY, APRIL 1971, AUGMENTED WITH DOT CHARACTERISTICS. (ICPSR 7845)

DICTIONARY OF OCCUPATIONAL TITLES (DOT): PART II - FOURTH EDITION
DICTIONARY OF DOT SCORES FOR 1970 CENSUS CATEGORIES. (ICPSR 7845)

This collection has two separate data files, the first of which is the April 1971 CPS Augmented with DOT characteristics. In the course of its investigation of the Dictionary of Occupational Titles (DOT) and the systematic evaluation of job worth, the Committee on Occupational Classification and Analysis of the National Academy of Sciences acquired a selection of variables from the April 1971 Current Population Survey. The data come from a sample of households which yielded 60,441 workers in the Experienced Labor Force. The variables contain detailed information about the workers and their family backgrounds, education, and employment. Also included is information from the DOT for each worker as to his job classification and description. The file has 126 variables for each of the 60,441 cases (workers) and a logical record length of 366. Class IV

The second file is the Fourth Edition Dictionary of Occupational Titles (DOT) Scores for 1970 Census Categories. The Committee (see above) created a computer file of aggregate DOT characteristics for the 574 expanded occupation categories of the 1970 Census. The purpose of this project was to relate the characteristics of occupations from the DOT to the characteristics of the individuals in those occupations, gathered from the Census and survey data. This file has aggregated scores for all the workers in each of the occupations based on a variety of criteria (e.g., aptitudes, preferences, and General Educational Development (GED) scores). The file has 145 variables for each of the 574 cases (occupational categories) and 15 decks of data with 130 columns per deck. Class IV

Related publication:

Miller, Ann R., Donald J. Trieman, Pamela S. Cain, and Patricia A. Roos (eds.),

1980 Work, Jobs, and Occupations: A Critical Review of the Dictionary of Occupational Titles (Final Report to the U.S. Dept. of Labor from the Committee on Occupational Classification and Analysis). Washington, D.C.: National Academy Press.

O'Leary, Joseph T., and Dominic Dottavio;
INDIANA OUTDOOR RECREATION SURVEY, 1978. (ICPSR 7805)

This survey was conducted by the State of Indiana to determine the amount and type of recreational activity of Indiana residents, both within the state and in other places. The state was divided into regions and 572 households were selected per region; this method resulted in a variety of ethnic and economic household types. Questions were asked concerning outdoor leisure activities and preferences, with whom and where these activities occurred, reasons for that preference, and background information. The data file has one 514-character logical record for each of the 5,888 respondents and there are 265 variables. Class III

Rabier, Jacques-Rene, and Ronald Inglehart;
EURO-BAROMETER 10A: SCIENTIFIC PRIORITIES IN THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITY, OCTOBER/NOVEMBER, 1978. (ICPSR 7807)

This study is part of an ongoing program of public opinion research sponsored by the European Community. 8,873 respondents for Euro-barometer 10A were interviewed in October and November 1978. The study is a supplement to Euro-barometer 7, and involves independent samples in each of the European Community nations. Euro-barometer 10A departs from the usual emphasis on the European Community to focus on public attitudes toward the role of science in modern life, the relationship between science and government, and future priorities in scientific research. The subject matter of Euro-barometer 10A complements topics developed in Euro-barometer 7. There are 87 variables and each record has a logical record length of 120. Class I

Rabier, Jacques-Rene, and Ronald Inglehart;
EURO-BAROMETER 11: YEAR OF THE CHILD IN EUROPE, APRIL 1979. (ICPSR 7752)

This study is part of an ongoing program of public opinion research sponsored by the European Community. 8,884 respondents for Euro-barometer 11 were interviewed in April 1979. This study contains 141 variables, some of which continue the series of items on feelings toward European integration and the European community that had been asked in earlier Euro-barometers. Attitudes toward the (then) forthcoming European Parliamentary elections in June 1979 also continue to be measured. The special focus of Euro-barometer 11 is on attitudes toward child-rearing and on contemporary problems in raising children. Class I

Rabier, Jacques-Rene, and Ronald Inglehart;

EURO-BAROMETER 12: EUROPEAN PARLIAMENTARY ELECTIONS, OCTOBER/NOVEMBER 1979. (ICPSR 7778)

This study is part of an ongoing program of public opinion research sponsored by the European Community. 8,989 respondents for Euro-barometer 12 were interviewed in October and November 1979. The study focuses primarily on attitudes toward the institutions of the European Community in the wake of the European Parliamentary elections held on June 10-12, 1979. Expectations of the elected Parliaments and of the future of the Common Market are also explored. This is done primarily through an extension of the series of questions on European integration that has been used in previous Euro-barometers. There are 60 variables. Class I

U.S. Dept. of Agriculture. Forest Service;

NATIONAL CAMPING MARKET SURVEY, 1971. (ICPSR 7798)

This survey was conducted in 1971 to determine the type of national market for campers and camping equipment. Respondents were asked approximately 90 questions which analyzed past, present and future camping activities and preferences, equipment, attitudes, other leisure activities and background information. There are two files of data, each with 2,003 records; file 1 contains the first 80 columns of data per respondent and file 2 contains the second 80 columns. Class III

U.S. Dept. of Agriculture. Forest Service;

NATIONAL CAMPING MARKET SURVEY, 1973. (ICPSR 7799)

This survey was conducted in 1973 to determine the type of national market for campers and camping equipment. Respondents were asked approximately 80 questions which analyzed past, present and future camping activities and preferences, equipment, attitudes, other leisure activities and background information. There are two files of data, each with 2,207 records; file 1 contains the first 80 columns of data per respondent and file 2 contains the second 80 columns. Class III

U.S. Dept. of Agriculture. Forest Service;
NATIONAL CAMPING MARKET SURVEY, 1978. (ICPSR 7800)

This survey was conducted in 1978 to determine the type of national market for campers and camping equipment. Respondents were asked approximately 60 questions which analyzed past, present and future camping activities and preferences, equipment, attitudes, other leisure activities and background information. There are four files of data, each with 2,013 records: file 1 contains the first 80 columns of data per respondent; file 2 contains the second 80 columns of data; file 3 contains the next 80 columns and file 4 contains the last 80 columns. Class III

U.S. Dept. of Agriculture. Forest Service;
NATIONAL SKIING MARKET SURVEY, 1978. (ICPSR 7801)

This survey was conducted in 1978 to determine the type of national market for skiers and skiing equipment. There were three distinct types of respondents: active skiers, non-active skiers, and potential skiers. Respondents were asked approximately 60 questions which analyzed past, present and future skiing activities and preferences, equipment, attitudes, other leisure activities and background information. There are six card-image data files; the first two are for the 601 active skiers interviewed, the second two for the 676 non-active skiers, and the last two for the 1,003 potential skiers. Class III

U.S. Dept. of Commerce. Bureau of the Census;
 CENSUS OF POPULATION AND HOUSING, 1980 [UNITED STATES]: P.L. 94-171
 POPULATION COUNTS. (ICPSR 7854)

PART 01 ALABAMA	PART 18 INDIANA	PART 34 NEW MEXICO
02 ALASKA	21 KENTUCKY	37 NORTH CAROLINA
05 ARKANSAS	23 MAINE	38 NORTH DAKOTA
06 CALIFORNIA	25 MASSACHUSETTS	39 OHIO
08 COLORADO	27 MINNESOTA	44 RHODE ISLAND
09 CONNECTICUT	29 MISSOURI	46 SOUTH DAKOTA
10 DELAWARE	30 MONTANA	49 UTAH
11 DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA	31 NEBRASKA	50 VERMONT
12 FLORIDA	32 NEVADA	54 WEST VIRGINIA
15 HAWAII	33 NEW HAMPSHIRE	55 WISCONSIN
16 IDAHO	34 NEW JERSEY	56 WYOMING

Public Law 171 of the 94th Congress was passed in 1975 to help facilitate the one-man-one-vote concept enunciated in 1963. It specifies procedures for conducting the decennial census for those states wishing to participate and makes improvements for reporting the findings as well. As a result of this law, the Census Bureau is authorized to prepare a data file for each state which contains population counts for racial and ethnic groups living in all the jurisdictions of the state.

Data files prepared for this series are being obtained by ICPSR as the data files are released by the Census Bureau. Files for the states listed above had been received at the time of printing of this announcement. As files for other states in this series are released, they will be made available as soon as security copies are made in Ann Arbor. (See the 1980 Census Data note in this mailing for a description of the "ICPSR 1980 Census Hotline"). Each of these files contains summary statistics for seven groups in the population: Total Population; Whites; Blacks; American Indian, Eskimo and Aleut; Asian and Pacific Islander; Other; and Spanish-Hispanic.

Each record in each of the files is a type of census reporting area arranged in hierarchical order. When completed, there will be 52 data files, one for each of the states plus one for Washington, D.C. and Puerto Rico. Each of the files will have the same format of 156-character logical records with characters 1-100 containing identification data and the alphabetic name of the record and characters 101-156 containing the data for the seven population groups. Class IV

Yankelovich, Skelly, and White, Inc.;

SURVEY OF JUDGES ON THE ROLE OF COURTS IN AMERICAN SOCIETY, 1979.
(ICPSR 7824)

The U.S. Department of Justice's Office for Improvements in the Administration of Justice authorized this survey of judges on the role of courts in American society. The role of courts, rather than encompassing issues of policy-making, is more narrowly focused on issues of caseload management.

Federal and state judges in five districts (Milwaukee/Eastern Wisconsin, South Carolina, Philadelphia/Eastern Pennsylvania, Albuquerque/New Mexico, and Los Angeles/Central California) were questioned about the amount of time they spent on routine judicial activities, the time spent on certain types of cases, their techniques for reducing or more expeditiously handling heavy caseloads, and their suggestions for extra-judicial dispute settlement processes that could serve as alternatives to courts.

Variables include judges' legal education and experience, types of cases heard in the previous year, percent of time spent on particular types of cases, characteristics of cases requiring excessive time, and techniques for caseload management.

The collection contains approximately 250 variables for each of the 104 respondents and has a logical record length of 720. Class IV

REVISIONS AND UPDATES
(APRIL 1981)

American Political Science Association;
SETUPS: AMERICAN POLITICS. (ICPSR 7368)

Data are now available for the final version of the SETUPS module entitled The Supreme Court in American Politics: Policy Through Law, by John Paul Ryan and C. Neal Tate. The data are available from ICPSR and the manuals are distributed by the Division of Educational Affairs of the American Political Science Association.

CBS News/NEW YORK TIMES;
CBS NEWS/NEW YORK TIMES ELECTION SURVEYS, 1976: PARTS 8-32 - PRIMARY ELECTION SURVEY. (ICPSR 7660)

This collection is the result of a collaboration between ICPSR and the Roper Center, which has just supplied new data. There are now 15 machine-readable files, each with a logical record length of 80 characters, which replace files released previously as Class IV. Eleven states which had primaries in 1976 are represented here, some with two party-sponsored primaries. Class I. Primary data for Oregon continues to be a Class IV dataset.

Fischer, Claude S.;
NORTHERN CALIFORNIA COMMUNITY STUDY, 1977: COMMUNITY FILE. (ICPSR 7744)

The Community File from the Northern California Study, 1977, is now available.

Inter-university Consortium for Political and Social Research;

ROSTER OF UNITED STATES CONGRESSIONAL OFFICEHOLDERS AND BIOGRAPHICAL CHARACTERISTICS OF MEMBERS OF THE UNITED STATES CONGRESS, 1789-1980: MERGED DATA. (ICPSR 7803)

A new updated version of the file is now available which includes all the new members of the 97th Congress and reflects termination of office of former members. Several errors in the data have been corrected and an OSIRIS codebook is now available for use with the machine-readable dictionary.

National Opinion Research Center;

GENERAL SOCIAL SURVEY CUMULATIVE FILE, 1972-1980. (ICPSR 7813)

The Roper Center for Public Opinion Research has made available a cumulative dataset merging eight years of General Social Surveys into a single file, with each year or survey constituting a subfile. The General Social Surveys were conducted by the National Opinion Research Center (NORC) during February, March and April of 1972-1978 and 1980. (A survey was not conducted in 1979). There are 12,120 completed interviews and 499 variables.

The 1972-1980 cumulative dataset is now available in OSIRIS and card-image format with 10 decks of data for 12,120 respondents. SPSS control cards are also available. Class I

Ostrom, Elinor, Roger B. Parks, and Gordon P. Whitaker;

POLICE REFERRAL PRACTICES AND SOCIAL SERVICE AGENCY PRACTICES IN THREE METROPOLITAN AREAS, 1977. (ICPSR 7791)

A new version of the narrative section has been received and is now available.

Straus, Murray A., and Richard J. Gelles;

PHYSICAL VIOLENCE IN AMERICAN FAMILIES, 1976. (ICPSR 7733)

A new version of the data has been supplied and is now available for use.

ERRATA TO DOCUMENTATION AND DATA

1. An error has been found in the codebook for the QUALITY OF AMERICAN LIFE, 1971, dataset (ICPSR 3508). On page 295 under Note 3, the codes 147 and 149 appear twice under the Solid South. The following corrections should be made:

Solid South

157 General Mention of Area; The South; Two or More States in the Area

159 Mention of States in Both Solid South and Border States Area

2. Users should note that an incorrect title was given for a released study on page 19 of the January 1981 Informational Mailing. Instead of SURVEY OF JAIL INMATES, 1972 (ICPSR 7668) the study was actually SURVEY OF JAIL INMATES, 1978 (ICPSR 7751).

3. Note that in the dictionary for the QUALITY OF AMERICAN LIFE, 1978, dataset (ICPSR 7762) Variables 654 and 655 should read as follows:

V654 All R Guess Av Am Inc

V655 All R Guess Av Am Inc?

4. Note that in the GENERAL SOCIAL SURVEY, CUMULATIVE STUDY, 1972-1978 (ICPSR 7693) missing data codes for three variables (Temme Occupational Prestige scores) are incorrect. They should appear as follows (the decimal place is implied):

V113 MD1=90.0 NOT 09.0

V119 MD1=90.0 NOT 09.0

V125 MD1=90.0 NOT 09.0

MICROFICHE OF ICPSR DOCUMENTATION

As you may have noted, the ICPSR has microfiched supporting documentation for several studies. At this point several Class I studies have been distributed to the membership with both hard copy (printed) codebooks and microfiche documentation, e.g., the 1978 American National Election Study. The fiche have been provided in two forms or types, representing two different vendors and processes; one is called vesicular and is light grey in color, the second is called diazo and is dark blue in color. The former is the product of the University of Michigan. Although we are limited in our ability to use outside vendors at the current time, your evaluation of the fiche would be useful in future negotiations. Therefore, we would like to request that those of you who have had experience using ICPSR microfiche documentation return this form with your comments and/or criticisms of the vesicular and the diazo fiche. (Please include the name of the study used.)

* * * * *

NAME _____

INSTITUTION _____

Comments on vesicular (grey) fiche (name of study _____)Comments on diazo (blue) fiche (name of study _____)

Return this form to:

MICROFICHE
ICPSR
P.O. Box 1248
Ann Arbor, MI 48106

April, 1981

RECENT 1980 CENSUS DEVELOPMENTS AT ICPSR

In this announcement:

- ...data files recently obtained
- ...revised pricing policy for ICPSR members
- ..."1980 Census Hotline" for up-to-date Census information
- ...prospects for future file release by the Census Bureau

P. L. 94-171 Data Files Now at ICPSR

Thirty-three files from the P. L. 94-171 series (the "reapportionment files") have been received and are now available to ICPSR members. A description of these files is found in the "Additions to Archival Holdings" section of this mailing. ICPSR Study Number 7854 has been assigned to the P. L. 94-171 data series, and the following states are currently available:

Alabama	Hawaii	Montana	Ohio
Alaska	Idaho	Nebraska	Rhode Island
Arkansas	Indiana	Nevada	South Dakota
California	Kentucky	New Hampshire	Utah
Colorado	Maine	New Jersey	Vermont
Connecticut	Massachusetts	New Mexico	West Virginia
Delaware	Minnesota	North Carolina	Wisconsin
Dist. of Col.	Missouri	North Dakota	Wyoming
Florida			

The remainder of the states in this series will become available in coming weeks. The "ICPSR 1980 Census Hotline" (discussed below) will provide current information on the specific Census files which ICPSR has received.

ICPSR Lowers Price of Census Data Files

In March the Census Bureau changed its pricing algorithm for all files it supplies (including the 1980 Census data). The Bureau increased its price per tape from \$80 to \$110 but will now "stack" 1980 Census data files on reels as particular files are released. Their price for a tape of "stacked" data will be \$135. This will effectively lower ICPSR's data acquisition costs for the 1980 Census and thus the price of copies of the Census files supplied to ICPSR members has been reduced. The basic price will be \$25 per tape (or \$40 for a tape "stacked" with files), not including the cost of the reel. Users may supply their own reels or purchase them from ICPSR for approximately \$18.

As announced in the January, 1981 Informational Mailing, member institutions wishing to purchase numerous 1980 Census files should consider establishing a deposit account with ICPSR. This mechanism will reduce the administrative costs to both ICPSR and the member institution by eliminating the need for separate billings for each tape supplied. Contact Janet Vavra to set up such an account.

ICPSR's "1980 Census Hotline"

A telephone answering machine has been installed by ICPSR which will provide up-to-date information about 1980 Census data files available from the Consortium. A non-repeating message tape can be heard 24 hours a day by dialing 313-763-3486. At the present time this tape describes the P.L. 94-171 files currently on hand; it will be updated as new files are received and as other developments warrant.

(More) Recent Developments in 1980 Census Data Availability

At the time this notice was printed, the Census Bureau was completing the release of the remainder of the P. L. 94-171 files. Arguments in the Bureau's appeal of the Detroit suit have been heard, but no decision has been rendered in that case. Thus no files beyond the reapportionment files have been cleared for release. Extreme fiscal stringencies at the Bureau, moreover, imperil the release this fiscal year of any files beyond the P. L. 94-171 series. It is extremely likely that few (if any) files from STF 1 would be made available before October even if the outcome of the litigation permitted their release. If this situation changes, ICPSR will report developments via the "Hotline" (see above).

ACADEMY OF CRIMINAL JUSTICE SCIENCES

CALL FOR PAPERS

The Academy of Criminal Justice Sciences is soliciting abstracts from persons interested in participating in the 1982 Annual Meeting, March 23-27, Louisville, KY. The Meeting Theme is: "Inter-disciplinary Contributions to Criminal Justice." For an abstract format contact: Robert G. Culbertson, President, ACJS, 401 SH, Illinois State University, Normal, IL 61761.

SURVEY RESEARCH CENTER SUMMER INSTITUTE
1981 COURSE UPDATE: 3/81

The Survey Research Center Summer Institute Courses were listed in the ICPSR Summer Training Program brochure on pages 19-21. Since the printing of the ICPSR brochure, there have been several changes and additions to the SRC course offerings. The correct SRC schedule is presented below.

June 29-July 24

<u>Course Title</u>	<u>Time</u>
Analysis of Survey Data	8 a.m.-10 a.m.
Survey Research Design	10 a.m.-12 noon
Methods of Survey Sampling	1 p.m.-3 p.m.

July 27-August 21

Workshop in Sampling Techniques	8 a.m.-12 noon
Survey Research Data Processing with OSIRIS	8 a.m.-10 a.m.
Survey Research Data Collection	10 a.m.-12 noon
Advanced Methods of Survey Sampling	1 p.m.-3 p.m.
Study Designs in Survey Research (short courses):	
(1) Research on the Validity of Self-Reports in Surveys	1 p.m.-3 p.m. (July 27-August 4)
(2) Questions and Answers in Surveys of Attitudes and Beliefs	1 p.m.-3 p.m. (August 5-August 12)
(3) Modeling Response Errors in Surveys	1 p.m.-3 p.m. (August 13-August 21)

Comité de programme / Program committee

Marlo BORILLO (LISH - CNRS Toulouse), Roger BRUNET (CDSH, CNRS Paris), Raymond COURBIS (GAMA, CNRS Paris), Jérôme CLUDD (HPSR Univ. of Michigan), Jean-Claude COHEN (CEESI, Marseille), Norbert DIVOY (INSEE, Paris), Peter FLORA (Univ. Européenne, Florence), William J. GAMMEL (SSDC, Univ. of Connecticut), Gilles GAUTHIER-VILLANS (CII, Honeywell BULL, Paris), Sue GRAVEL (Archives publiques du Canada, Ottawa), Jean-Marie MARTIN (Univ. des Sciences Sociales, Grenoble), René MOREAU (IDM France, Paris), Edmundo ROEMAN (INRIA, Paris), Judith ROWE (Princeton Univ.), Erwin SCHEUCH (Zentralarchiv für empirische Sozialforschung, Köln), Maria TAYLOR (SSRC Univ. of Essex), Jacques VIRBEL (LISH-CNRS Toulouse), John de VRIES (SSDL, Carleton Univ. Ottawa), Erika VON BRUNKEN (MIC, Stockholm), J. ZUZANEK (Leisure studies data bank, Univ. of Waterloo, Canada).

Comité de programme exécutif / Executive program committee

Frédéric BON (IEP, Univ. des Sciences Sociales Grenoble), Bernard BOUHET (CNRS, Grenoble), Jean-Paul CHEYLAN (LISH-CNRS, Toulouse), Jean-Paul GREMY (Univ. René Descartes, Paris), Nancy Mc MANUS (SSRC, Washington), Guido MARTINOTTI (ADPSS, Milano, IFDO president), Ekkehard MOCHMANN (Zentralarchiv für empirische Sozialforschung, Köln), Alice ROBBIN (DPLS, Univ. of Wisconsin, IASSIST president), Hank SCHRIK (Stelmetsarchief, Amsterdam).

DÉCLARATION D'INTENTION / INTENTION TO SUBMIT A PAPER

Nom / Name

Adresse / Address

☐ Je désire rester informé

☐ Please keep my name on your mailing list.

☐ Je désire recevoir les imprimés d'inscription.

☐ Please send me registration forms.

☐ Je désire recevoir de plus amples informations à propos des ateliers accompagnant la conférence.

☐ Please send me more information about the workshops attending the conference.

☐ J'ai l'intention de soumettre une communication dont le titre provisoire est :

☐ I intend to submit a paper whose tentative subject is :

Envoyer à / return to : IASSIST - IFDO 81, CERAT B.P. 34 - 38401 Saint Martin d'Hères - France.

Calendrier / Program schedule

Déclaration d'intention / Intention to submit

1er Mars 81

Date limite de dépôt des résumés (500 mots)

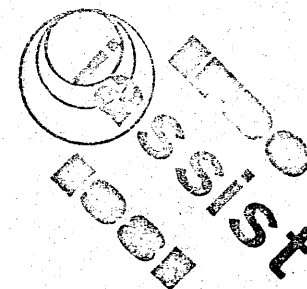
1er Mai 81

Abstract submission deadline (500 words)

Notification des acceptations.

1er Juin 81

Acceptance notification



IFDO - IASSIST 1981 : Conférence commune / Joint conference

L'IMPACT DE L'INFORMATIQUE SUR LES RECHERCHES EN SCIENCES SOCIALES
Banques de données et développements technologiques.

THE IMPACT OF COMPUTERISATION ON SOCIAL SCIENCE RESEARCH
Data services and technological developments.

14 - 18 Septembre 1981 / September 14 - 18, 1981
GRENOBLE, FRANCE. Université des sciences sociales.

Organisé par / Conference organizers : IASSIST ; IFDO ; Laboratoire d'informatique pour les Sciences de l'Homme, Toulouse (Centre National de la Recherche Scientifique) ; Institut d'Etudes Politiques, Université des sciences sociales, CERAT, Grenoble.

Avec le patronnage de / sponsored by : ACM (SIGSOC)

L'IASSIST se donne pour objectifs d'encourager l'établissement de centres locaux, régionaux ou nationaux pour la collecte, la gestion et la diffusion de bases de données ainsi que la promotion d'un forum international ouvrant un débat sur les modes d'action et les problèmes liés à ces centres d'archivage.

The objectives of IASSIST are to encourage the establishment of local, regional and national centers for the collection, maintenance and distribution of statistical data bases, and to provide an international forum for the discussion of the policies and problems relating to such information centers.

L'IFDO a été créée pour promouvoir des projets et des actions favorisant l'échange de données et de technologies entre les centres d'archivage de données, et pour stimuler l'utilisation de ces procédures à travers le monde. Ces centres fournissent actuellement la communauté scientifique des sciences sociales en informations automatisées, données, analyses et documentation. L'IFDO a également pour dessein, d'encourager de nouvelles institutions à poursuivre ces objectifs.

THE IFDO is established to promote projects and procedures for enhancing exchange of data and technologies among data organizations, and to stimulate the development and use of these procedures throughout the world. Normally such organizations are actively engaged in providing the social science community with computerized information, data documentation or analyses. Furthermore, it is the intent of IFDO to encourage new organizations to further these objectives.

IASSIST - IFDO 81 THEMES

1 Nouveaux types de recherches

Traitement et archivage des grands fichiers «écologiques»; les données complexes : historiques, biographiques, généalogiques, temporelles, spatiales, textuelles, leur constitution, structuration, gestion et archivage; les problèmes soulevés par l'échange des données complexes; cartographie automatique; problèmes d'agrégation; simulation et modélisation; analyses secondaires.

2 Nouvelles institutions

Perspectives de l'archivage; politique de création, de diffusion des données; archivage de longue durée; approches sociologiques de l'univers des données; systèmes d'informations sur les fichiers automatisés et les ensembles de données.

3 Nouveaux outils

Réseaux, bases de données partagées et réparties, serveurs en accès direct; micros et mini-ordinateurs; systèmes de gestion de données pour les données complexes et perspectives d'application de l'intelligence artificielle et de la représentation des connaissances; comptabilité, traduction, langages pivots; systèmes d'informations scientifiques.

4 Relations entre les producteurs et les utilisateurs de données

Documentation associée aux fichiers de données, aux sources de données, besoins des utilisateurs, économie des services d'archivage; données provenant des administrations publiques et commerciales; problèmes politiques, organisationnels, techniques liés aux données des administrations; les sondages d'opinion : leur qualité, leurs effets sur les décisions publiques, les conditions de leurs accès; anonymat des données et dé-identification.

5 Enseignement des sciences sociales

Enseignement des logiciels d'exploitation statistique et de gestion des bases de données aux chercheurs des sciences sociales; écoles d'été d'informatique et de statistique en sciences sociales; création de données pour l'enseignement et nouvelles méthodes pédagogiques mises en œuvre; transformations introduites par les ordinateurs et les banques de données dans l'enseignement des sciences sociales.

La séance plénière d'ouverture sera consacrée à l'informatique et information : leur impact sur la société.

La conférence abritera hors sessions des ateliers spécialisés pour lesquels des informations peuvent être fournies à la demande. Les thèmes d'atelier envisagés sont actuellement : l'évaluation des données; le fonctionnement d'un service de données; la formation des archivistes de données.

Une exposition de matériel éventuellement accompagnée de démonstrations sera également ouverte.

IASSIST - IFDO 1981 TOPICS

1 New types of research

Processing of large ecological files and survey ; complex data historical, biographical, time series, genealogical, spatial, and textual : their creation, structure, administration, preservation and problems arising from their exchange ; secondary analysis ; computer mapping ; problems of aggregation and disaggregation ; simulation and modeling ; secondary analysis.

2 New institutions

Development of data banks and their perspectives ; politics of creating and disseminating data ; long term storage ; sociological approaches to the data world (producers, users, services) ; information systems about data machine readable files.

3 New tools

Net works, shared and distributed data bases, on line data bases ; micro and mini-computers ; data bases management systems for complex data bases and perspectives on the application of artificial intelligence and knowledge representation ; compatibility (through translation, pivot languages) ; scientific information retrieval.

4 Relations between data producers and researchers

Data description and documentation, user needs for information and data, economics of data services ; information on organizational sources for public and commercial data ; political, organization and technical problems associated with process-produced data (public / administrative records) public opinion polls : their quality, effect on political decision making, access conditions ; anonymization of data (and deductive disclosure).

5 Social science teaching

Statistical packages and data base management systems teaching to social scientists ; Summer schools of statistics and computing in the social sciences ; creating teaching packages including pedagogical methods ; changing style of social science teaching : data services and technological developments.

The opening plenary session theme is : *computers and information : their societal impact.*

A one-day series of workshops is planned. At the present time the following topics are proposed : the assay / evaluation of survey, ecological and cartographic data ; the organization and management of data services ; formation of professional data archivists and librarians.

An exposition / demonstration of material will be held during the conference.