

# BULLETIN

**JULY 1981** 

### ICPSR BULLETIN

# July 1981

The ICPSR BULLETIN includes descriptions of newly released studies and recently revised or updated studies, errata in data or documentation, notes concerning the operation of the Consorium and its services as well as other information of potential interest to the research community. Official Representatives and other readers are encouraged to communicate their views on ICPSR operations, policies, and procedures to the staff for inclusion in future bulletins.

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#### ADDITIONS TO HOLDINGS

ABT Associates;
SURVEY OF AMERICAN PRISONS AND JAILS, 1979 (ICPSR 7899)

The Survey of American Prisons and Jails, 1979 was conducted by the ABT Associates of Cambridge, Massachusetts under a grant from the National Institute of Law Enforcement and Criminal Justice. The survey consists of two parts, a survey of state and federal adult correctional systems and a survey of community based pre-release facilities.

The surveys were an attempt to more precisely assess institutional conditions in state and federal prisons and in halfway houses. Questionnaires were mailed to 559 federal and state prisons and 402 community based pre-release facilities. The response rate was 100%.

The variables include inmate counts by sex and by security class, age of facility and rated capacity, spatial density, composition of inmate population according to race, age and offense type, inmate labor and earnings, and race, age and sex characteristics of prison staff. There are 292 variables for 559 cases for the federal and state prison survey, and 207 variables for 402 cases for the community based pre-release facilities. Class IV.

Clinard, Marshall B. and Peter C. Yeager;
ILLEGAL CORPORATE BEHAVIOR (ICPSR 7855)

This two-part study represents the first large-scale comprehensive investigation of corporations directily related to their violations of law. It examines the extent and nature of these illegal activities, and examines the data in terms of the corporate structure and the economic setting in which the violations occured. The study has concentrated on an empirical investigation of the 582 largest publicly owned corporations in the United States: 477 manufacturing, 18 wholesale, 66 retail and 21 service. A major focus has been on manufacturing enterprises. Corporations in banking, insurance, transporation, communication and utilities have been excluded because of the unusual nature of these businesses (i.e. they are subject to more strict regulation and/or licensing). The annual sales for 1975 of the corporations studied ranged from \$300 million to more than \$45 billion, with an average sales volume of \$1.7 billion for parent firms. Data covered all enforcement actions that could be secured, initiated or imposed by 24 federal agencies during 1975 and 1976. Variables include number and type of violation, investigating agency, and sanctions imposed.

In addition to the collection of data on the illegal activities of the corporations, the researchers also collected economic data on the corporations as well as industry-level economic data which is presented in a separate data file. The variables in the Economic Data File include Net Income/Total Assets, Working Capital/Total Assets, and Sales/Total Assets.

The Violations/Sanctions File consists of 132 variables for 2,052 cases. The Economic Data File consists of 124 variables for 582 cases. Class IV

Related Publication:

Clinard, Marshall B., ILLEGAL CORPORATE BEHAVIOR, U.S. Government Printing Office, 1979.

Kerstetter, Wayne A.;
EVALUATION OF PRETRIAL SETTLEMANT CONFERENCE, DADE COUNTY, FLORIDA, CRIMINAL COURT, 1979 (ICPSR 7710)

This study reports on the implementation in Dade County, Florida of a proposal to involve, on a voluntary basis, victims, defendants, and police in a judicial plea negotiation conference. The study was supported by a grant from the National Institute of Law Enforcement and Criminal Justice of the Law Enforcement Assistance Administration, U.S. Department of Justice.

Parts 1-3 (Defendants, Victims and Police files) consist of questionnaires given to victims, defendants, and police. The questionnaires were administered during 20-minute interviews, conducted after the case had been completed. The interview instruments were designed to collect data on three major issues: first the extent to which respondents reported participation in the processing of their case; second, respondents' knowledge of the way their cases were processed; a third, respondents's attitudes toward the disposition of their cases, and toward the criminal justice system.

Part 4 is a Conference Observation File. During the pretrial settlement conference an observer wrote down in sequence as much as possible of the verbal behavior. After the session the observer made some subjective ratings, provided descriptive data about the conclusion of the session, and classified comments into one of the eight substantive categories:

- (1) Facts of the Case, (2) Prior Record, (3) Law and Practices,
- (4) Maximum Sentence, (5) Prediction of Trial Outcome,
- (6) Conference Precedent, (7) Personal Background History, and
- (8) Recommendations.

Part 5 is the Case Information File. The information on the cases was drawn from court records. It included information on the type of case, number of charges, sentence type, sentence severity (stated and perceived), seriousness of

offense, date of arrest, date of arraignment, date of conference, prior incarcerations, and defendant background information.

There are 91 variables for 1,073 cases in the Case Information File, 215 variables for 533 cases in the Conference Observation File, 140 variables for 320 cases in the Defendant File, 153 variables for 353 cases in the Victim File, and 95 variables for 431 cases in the Police File. Class IV.

del Castillo, Richard Griswold;
MEXICAN-AMERICAN FAMILIES IN LOS ANGELES, 1844-1880 (ICPSR 7582)

There are two data files in this study, done from manuscript census returns. The first is an aggregation of social characteristics of Spanish- surnamed and Mexican-born families in the city of Los Angeles from 1844-1880. The data were used to study family composition and socio-economic mobility. There are 2,047 records in this file with a logical record length of 101.

The second file is composed of data used to study the socio-economic development of the Mexican American community in Los Angeles. The main emphasis is on an analysis of literacy, occupational mobility, schooling, family structure, demographic changes and property mobility. This file has a logical record length of 111 for each of the 9,744 records. Class IV

Miller, Warren E., and National Election Studies/Center for Political Studies;
AMERICAN NATIONAL ELECTION STUDY, 1980: SEPTEMBER-NOVEMBER PRE-POST WAVES
(ICPSR 7763)

This newly-released element of the 1980 American National Election Study data collection is the now standard "Pre-post" election panel. Topics covered include reasons for voting for or against, and feelings about the three major Presidential candidates, Reagan, Carter and Anderson, R's attitudes towards major issues of the campaign, his/her voting behavior, attitudes towards the political process, attention to media, political activities including voting and contributions to political parties, R's knowledge of an evaluation of Congressional candidates, and standard demographic measures. Vote validation variables and election returns for 1980 and past years are also included. A later release will incorporate other contextual materials, such as interest group ratings of Congressional incumbents from districts into the sample. The dataset is available in OSIRIS or card image formats. There are 49 cards per case, 1614 cases, and 1350 variables. Class I

Mullins, Alden F., Jr.;
MILITARY PERSONNEL AND WEAPONS STOCKS IN NEWLY INDEPENDENT STATES, 1957-1976
(ICPSR 7821)

This study contains data on military personnel and weapons in stock for 37 newly independent states for years in which they were independent, from 1957 through 1976. Variables include country, year, total military personnel, and stocks present of 208 air, naval, and ground weapons. Each weapon is listed by manufacturer's designation and providing country. There is one file of data with a logical record length of 480 for each of the 569 records. Class IV

National Center for Health Statistics; HEALTH INTERVIEW SURVEY, 1970 (ICPSR 7838)

The Health Interview Survey was a continuous sampling and interviewing of the civilian, non-institutionalized population of the United States, to collect information on the social, demographic, and economic aspects of illness, disability, and medical services. Information on the utilization of medical care facilities is also available in the form of data on medical and dental care, hospitalization, preventive care, nursing care, prosthetic appliances, and selfcare. The data collection was conducted by the U.S. Bureau of the Census and the initial processing done by the National Center for Health Statistics.

This 1970 dataset includes information from 116,466 respondents in 39,011 households. The data contain 68,331 condition records, 16,073 hospital records, and 21,412 physician visit records. Class IV

National Center for Health Statistics;
HEALTH INTERVIEW SURVEY, 1977 (ICPSR 7839)

The Health Interview Survey was a continuous sampling and interviewing of the civilian, non-institutionalized population of the United States, to collect information on the social, demographic, and economic aspects of illness, disability, and medical services. Information on the utilization of medical care facilities is also available in the form of data on medical and dental care, hospitalization, preventive care, nursing care, prosthetic appliances, and self-care. The data collection was conducted by the U.S. Bureau of the Census and the initial processing done by the National Center for Health Statistics.

This 1977 dataset includes information from 111,279 respondents in 41,277 households. The data contain 63,371 condition records, 14,829 hospital records, and 20,637 physician visit records. Class IV

Social Security Administration; RETIREMENT HISTORY LONGITUDINAL SURVEY, 1975 (ICPSR 7859)

The 1975 Longitudinal Retirement History Study (RHS) represents part of a tenyear Social Security Administration longitudinal study of the retirement process.

The original 1969 RHS consisted of a survey of 11,153 persons who were born between 1905 and 1911; they were either married or unmarried (divorced, widowed, or separated) men or non-married women.

The 1975 RHS includes data on the respondent's age, sex, race, family, marital status, employment and work history since 1969, retirement plans, income assets, debts, health history since 1969, living expenses, contacts with relatives, and attitudes toward work and retirement.

There are 8,716 response records in the file; 727 of these records represent interviews with surviving spouses of original respondents who died sometime after the 1969 survey. There are approximately 4200 variables and the logical record length is 4524. Class IV

University of Southern California School of Medicine, Division of Research in Medical Education:

NATIONAL STUDIES OF PHYSICIANS FROM TWENTY-FOUR MEDICAL AND SURGICAL SPECIALTIES, 1976-1978 (ICPSR 7782)

The original national survey of doctors' practices in twenty-four medical and surgical specialty areas was conducted from 1976 through 1978. Three data files containing detailed information on the activities and practice characteristics of the physicians surveyed were prepared for each of the specialty areas.

The completed data collection includes seventy-one discrete data files and related documentation. Log-diaries completed by a natonally-representative sample of physicians in each of the twenty-four practice specialty areas produced detailed information about each physician's medical or surgical practice; each patient that the physician saw in person during the week in which the questionnaire was filled out; and each encounter that the physician had over the telephone with patients during the same period.

The three data files produced from the completed log-diaries are the Physician Summary File, the Patient Encounter File and the Telephone Encounter File.

The data and codebooks will be available on microfiche cards with four fiche cards per specialty, enabling users to request one or all of the 24 specialties. Class III

Numbers of Data Records Contained in Each File, by Specialty

	Physician Summary	Patient Encounter	Telephone Encounter
SPECIALTY	Files	Files	Files
Allergy (AXX)	293	11,682	2,757
Cardiology (CDX)	359	10,235	2,676
Dermatology (DXX)	424	5,894	2,080
Emergency medicine (EMX)	273	10,159	ж
Endocrinology (END)	326	8,806	3,244
Family practice (FPX)	683	34,125	7,071
Gastroenterology (GEX)	338	8,834	2,447
General practice (GPX)	469	22,806	4,761
General surgery (GSX)	462	12,194	2,001
Hematology (HEM)	334	10,339	2,491
Infectious diseases (IDX)	164	3,247	683
Internal medicine (IMX)	891	35,126	10,295
Nephrology (NEP)	316	11,397	1,874
Neurological surgery (NS)	x) 426	14,712	2,513
Neurology (NXX)	280	5,854	1,694
Obstetrics/gynecology (Ol	BG) 883	35,614	9,209
Oncology (ONC/ONX)	253	9,803	2,136
Opthalmology (OPH)	389	11,841	1,307
Orthopaedic surgery (ORS)	479	15,961	1,973
Otorhinolaryngology (OTO)		13,990	1,925
Pediatrics (PDX)	733	30,529	10,911
Psychiatry (PXX)	697	12,045	4,237
Pulmonary diseases (PUD)	275	7,002	1,592
Rheumatology (RHU)	312	10,722	2,736
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<sup>\*</sup> Because of the nature of the practice of Emergency Medicine, there is no Telephone Encounter File for this specialty.

# Parameters of Data Files, by File Type

Logical Re	ecord Length	10,500		960	290
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Potential	Number of	1,500	aki mia	315	75
	Variables				

U.S. Department of Agriculture. Economic Development Division.
ELDERLY IN RURAL KENTUCKY, 1975 (ICPSR 7860)

This is a study to determine the economic conditions, problems, and availability

of services for the elderly in non-metroplitan areas. Information collected includes age, sex, race, marital status, housing characteristics, health, activities and work experience, transportation, community services, income, savings, assets, and education.

Data were collected from 398 households containing one or more people 60 and older, encompassing 1200 people living in elderly households. There are seven decks of data and approximately 500 variables. Class IV

U.S. Dept. of Commerce. Bureau of the Census;

FEDERAL STATE COOPERATIVE PROGRAM: 1975-1976 POPULATION ESTIMATES (ICPSR 7841)

This dataset contains estimates of the total population residing in all counties and county equivalents in the United States for July 1, 1975 and July 1, 1976. Also included are estimates of the components of population change (births, deaths and net migration) from April 1970 through December 1975. The data were compiled by the United States Bureau of the Census with the assistance of designated state agencies in the Federal-State Cooperative Program for Population Estimates.

The information included in this dataset was published for each county or county equivalent (e.g., parishes in Louisiana, census divisions in Alaska, and independent cities in Virginia and Missouri) by the Census Bureau. The published data appeared as Current Population Reports, Population Estimates and Projections Series P-25.

The file has 3,143 records, each of which has a logical record length of 72. There are five substantive variables. These data were acquired in machine-readable form from the U.S. Bureau of the Census with the asistance of Craig Harris, Department of Sociology, Michigan State University. Class III

U.S. Dept. of Commerce. Bureau of the Census;

FEDERAL STATE COOPERATIVE PROGRAM: 1976-1977 POPULATION ESTIMATES (ICPSR 7842)

This dataset contains estimates of the total population residing in all counties and county equivalents in the United States for July 1, 1976 and July 1, 1977. Also included are estimates of the components of population change (births, deaths and net migration) from April 1970 through December 1976. The data were compiled by the United States Bureau of the Census with the assistance of designated state agencies in the Federal-State Cooperative Program for Population Estimates.

The information included in this dataset was published for each county or county equivalent (e.g., parishes in Louisiana, census divisions in Alaska, and independent cities in Virginia and Missouri) by the Census Bureau. The published data appeared as Current Population Reports, Population Estimates and Projections Series P-25.

The file has 3,143 records, each of which has a logical record length of 72. There are five substantive variables. The data were acquired in machine-readable form from the U.S. Bureau of the Census with the assistance of Craig Harris, Department of Sociology, Michigan State University. CLass 111

U.S. Dept. of Commerce. Bureau of the Census;
FEDERAL STATE COOPERATIVE PROGRAM: 1977-1978 POPULATION ESTIMATES (ICPSR 7843)

This dataset contains estimates of the total population residing in all counties and county equivalents in the United States for July 1, 1977 and July 1, 1978. Also included are estimates of the components of population change (births and deaths) from April 1970 through June 1977. Net migration statistics are not compiled. The data were compiled by the United States Bureau of the Census with the assistance of designated state agencies in the Federal-State Cooperative Program for Population Estimates.

The information included in this dataset was published for each county or county equivalent (e.g., parishes in Louisiana, census divisions in Alaska, and independent cities in Virginia and Missouri) by the Census Bureau. The published data appeared as Current Population Reports, Population Estimates and Projections Series P-25.

The file has 3,143 records, each of which has a logical record length of 60. There are four substantive variables. The data were acquired in machine-readable form from the U.S. Bureau of the Census with the assistance of Craig Harris, Department of Sociology, Michigan State University. Class III

U.S. Department of Commerce. Bureau of the Census;
GENERAL REVENUE SHARING, 1976 POPULATION ESTIMATES (ICPSR 7844)

This dataset contains current population estimates and per capita money income for counties and minor civil divisions in each state. These estimates were developed to provide updates of the data elements in Federal revenue sharing allocations under the State and local Fiscal Assistance Act of 1972. Population estimates recorded in the dataset are for July 1, 1976 while per capita income estimates are for 1969, 1974, and 1975.

The units recorded in the dataset include counties; incorporated places; certain towns in New England, New York, and Wisconsin; and townships in other states. Certain midwestern states may have active minor civil divisions in some counties, but not in others. Refer to ICPSR study POPULATION AND INCOME ESTIMATES FOR THE UNITED STATES, 1969-1973 (ICPSR 0078) AND POPULATION AND PER CAPITA INCOME ESTIMATES, 1969-1975 (ICPSR 7577) which contain similar data for earlier years.

This file has 40,131 records; the records are in sort order by state, county, MCD and place code. Each record has a logical record length of 114 and there are five substantive variables. The methodology used to derive the estimates contained in this dataset is described in detail in Current Population Reports, "Population Estimates and Projections" (U.S. Bureau of the Census, Series P-25, January 1979); a copy of that report is included.

All geographic codes for units contained in this dataset could not be documented in this codebook. Appendix A contains the Federal Information Processing Standards (FIPS) codes, state codes, and the governmental unit state codes (used by the Governments Division, Bureau of the Census, as well as by the Office of Revenue Sharing). The remainder of the FIPS codes are documented in FINAL DATA ELEMENTS ENTITILEMENT PERIODS 1,2, AND 3 (Office of Revenue Sharing, Department of the Treasury, 1973), or can be obtained from the Governments Division, Bureau of the Census.

The data were obtained in machine-readable form from the Population Division of the U.S. Bureau of the Census with the assistance of Craig Harris, Department of Sociology, Michigan State University. Class III

U.S. Department of Commerce. Bureau of the Census;
GENERAL REVENUE SHARING, 1977 POPULATION ESTIMATES (ICPSR 7833)

This dataset contains current population estimates for counties and minor civil divisions in each state. These estimates were developed to provide updates of the data elements in Federal revenue sharing allocations under the State and local Fiscal Assistance Act of 1972. Population estimates recorded in the dataset are for July 1, 1977. There are no per capita income figures included in the 1977 file.

The units recorded in the dataset include counties; incorporated places; certain towns in New England, New York, and Wisconsin; and townships in other states. Certain midwestern states may have active minor civil divisions in some counties, but not in others. Refer to ICPSR study POPULATION AND INCOME ESTIMATES FOR THE UNITED STATES, 1969-1973 (ICPSR 0078) AND POPULATION AND PER CAPITA INCOME ESTIMATES, 1969-1975 (ICPSR 7577) which contain similar data for earlier years.

This file has 40,158 records; the records are in sort order by state, county, MCD and place code. Each record has a logical record length of 114. There are two substantive variables. The methodology used to derive the estimates contained in this dataset is described in detail in Current Population Reports, "Population Estimates and Projections" (U.S. Bureau of the Census, Series P-25, January 1979); a copy of that report is included.

All geographic codes for units contained in this dataset could not be documented in this codebook. Appendix A contains the Federal Information Processing Standards (FIPS) codes, state codes, and the governmental unit state codes (used by the Governments Division, Bureau of the Census, as well as by the Office of Revenue Sharing). The remainder of the FIPS codes are documented in FINAL DATA ELEMENTS ENTITILEMENT PERIODS 1,2, AND 3 (Office of Revenue Sharing, Department of the Treasury, 1973), or can be obtained from the Governments Division, Bureau of the Census.

The data were obtained in machine-readable form from the Population Division of the U.S. Bureau of the Census with the assistance of Craig Harris, Department of Sociology, Michigan State University. Class III

U.S. Department of Commerce. Bureau of the Census;
GENERAL REVENUE SHARING, 1978 POPULATION ESTIMATES (ICPSR 7840)

This dataset contains current population estimates and per capita money income for counties and minor civil divisions in each state. These estimates were developed to provide updates of the data elements in Federal revenue sharing allocations under the State and local Fiscal Assistance Act of 1972. Population estimates recorded in the dataset are for July 1, 1978, while per capita income estimates are for 1969 and 1977.

The units recorded in the dataset include counties; incorporated places; certain towns in New England, New York, and Wisconsin; and townships in other states. Certain midwestern states may have active minor civil divisions in some counties, but not in others. Refer to ICPSR study POPULATION AND INCOME ESTIMATES FOR THE UNITED STATES, 1969-1973 (ICPSR 0078) AND POPULATION AND PER CAPITA INCOME ESTIMATES, 1969-1975 (ICPSR 7577) which contain similar data for earlier years.

This file has 40,316 records; the records are in sort order by state, county, MCD and place code. Each record has a logical record length of 120. There are four substantive variables. The methodology used to derive the estimates contained in this dataset is described in detail in Current Population Reports, "Population Estimates and Projections" (U.S. Bureau of the Census, Series P-25, January 1979); a copy of that report is included.

All geographic codes for units contained in this dataset could not be documented in this codebook. Appendix A contains the Federal Information Processing Standards (FIPS) codes, state codes, and the governmental unit state codes (used by the Governments Division, Bureau of the Census, as well as by the Office of Revenue Sharing). The remainder of the FIPS codes are documented in FINAL DATA ELEMENTS ENTITILEMENT PERIODS 1,2, AND 3 (Office of Revenue Sharing, Department of the Treasury, 1973), or can be obtained from the Governments Division, Bureau of the Census.

The data were obtained in machine-readable form from the Population Division of the U.S. Bureau of the Census with the assistance of Craig Harris, Department of Sociology, Michigan State University. Class III

U.S. Department of Commerce. Bureau of the Census; CURRENT POPULATION SURVEY: ANNUAL DEMOGRAPHIC FILE, 1980 (ICPSR 7863)

This collection is the twelfth in a series of annual surveys of the population of the United States, conducted by the U.S. Bureau of the Census each year since 1968. These files are often referred to as the March CPS Demographic Supplement. Contained in the data file are records for households selected in the samples as well as for each person in the households so chosen. Each survey records such characteristics as income, age, race, household structure, education, family relationships, occupation and employment history.

This file contains 332,131 records, each with a logical record length of 360 characters. Approximately 425 variables are presented for each record. Class IV

U.S. Department of Commerce; Bureau of the Census.

NATIONAL SURVEY OF INSTITUTIONALIZED PERSONS, 1976 (ICPSR 7866)

This hierarchical dataset was designed to obtain information about the services and resources of long-term care facilities on three levels. Data were collected about the institutions, the residents, and their families.

The institution data include the basic characteristics of the facility such as type of care provided, ownership, number of beds, occupancy rate, and services and programs offered.

The resident data include basic social and demographic characteristics, reason for institutionalization, cost of care, current activities, type of treatment, and the physical limitations of the institutional population.

The final level examines the next of kin's relationship to the resident. Data

Additions to Holdings (July, 1981)

includes the relative's proximity to the institution, frequency of visits, and monetary contributions to the resident, as well as the next of kin's demographic characteristics and views of the resident and his or her institutionalization.

Penal and juvenile detention facilities were excluded from the sample because they serve as incarceration institutions, rather than personal care institutions.

Over 9046 residents of 851 institutions and 3289 of the residents' relatives were interviewed. 865 variables. Class II

U.S. Department of Justice. Bureau of Justice Statistics
THE NATIONAL JUSTICE AGENCY LIST, 1980 (ICPSR 7858)

The National Justice Agency List is a master name and address file created and maintained by the Bureau of the Census for the Bureau of Justice Statistics. The file was first created in 1970 and the Bureau of the Census has continued to maintain and expand the file. The master file contains information for ten separate sectors: Prosecution and Civil Attorney Sector, Public Defender Sector, Law Enforcement Sector, Court Sector, Probation and Parole Sector, Juvenile Corrections Sector, Local Adult Corrections Sector, State Adult Corrections Sector, Other Justice Agencies Sector, and Federal and Indian Tribal Sector. The ICPSR has separated the master file into ten subfiles, corresponding to the ten sectors in the master file. Every file has variables containing the names and addresses of agencies in that sector and information relevant only to the agencies within the sector.

The original survey of criminal justice agencies was conducted in January of 1970 by the U.S. Bureau of the Census. Each county in the United States and each municipality and township with a 1960 population of 1,000 or more persons was surveyed to identify the names and addresses of the criminal justice agencies and institutions controlled by local government. The survey was conducted by mail canvass for the governmental units mentioned above.

In addition to the mail survey, the Bureau of the Census collected information on State-level governments and counties with a 1960 population of 500,000 or more and for cities with a 1960 population of 300,000 or more through in-house research methods. The reference information included a variety of published government documents such as budget statements, organization manuals, and State, county, and municipal directories. Class II

Part 1) Court: 14,641 courts are listed. Variables include court structure, type of jurisdiction the court has, and the location of court records. There are 34 variables in this file.

Part 2) State Adult Correctional Facilities: 791 facilities are listed.

Variables include type of institution, agency employment size, sex of inmates and funding code. There are 28 variables in this file.

Part 3) Public Defender Agencies: 746 agencies are listed. Variables include type of agency, type of cases handled, agency employment size and funding code. There are 30 variables in this file.

Part 4) Probation and Parole Agencies: 3,575 agencies are listed. Variables include type of system, agency client caseload, agency employment size and funding code. There are 30 variables in this file.

Part 5) "Other" Agencies: 3,495 agencies are listed. Variables include type of services and agency employment size. There are 36 variables in this file.

Part 6) Local Jails: 3,495 jails are listed. Variables include sex of inmates, number of female inmates, inmate population and funding code. There are 30 variables in this file.

Part 7) Prosecution and Civil Attorney Agencies: 7,555 agencies are listed. Variables include type of agency, types of cases prosecuted, agency employment size, number of attorneys, and funding code. There are 30 variables in this file.

Part 8) Federal and Indian Tribal Agencies: 1,211 agencies are listed. Variables include type of justice sector, employment size, and funding code. There are 28 variables in this file.

Part 9) Law Enforcement Agencies: 18,571 agencies are listed. Variables include type of agency, employment size, and number of sworn police. There are 29 variables in this file.

Part 10) Juvenile Detention and Correctional Facilities: 547 facilities are listed. Variables include type of facility, sex of residents, resident population, and employment size. There are 36 variables in this file.

Related publication:

- U.S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE, BUREAU OF JUSTICE STATISTICS, JUSTICE AGENCIES IN THE UNITED STATES SUMMARY REPORT,
- U.S. Government Printing Office, 1980
- U.S. Dept. of Justice. Bureau of Justice Statistics; CENSUS OF STATE CORRECTIONAL FACILITIES, 1979 (ICPSR 7852)

The study was designed by the Bureau of Justice Statistics and conducted by the United States Bureau of the Census. The census includes all state correctional facilities known to the Bureau of the Census in 1979. Each facility is classified into one of ten categories such as community center, prison farm, road camp, or reception center. Data for 1979 include: number of inmates by security classification, and by sex, number of full and part time staff, number of paid and volunteer staff broken down by position, age, pay, and education, number and age of facilities, type of facilities provided in each cell by size

of cell, hospital facilities available, programs provided for the inmates, job training, and inmate IQ scores. There are a total of 493 variables for the 791 facilities in the 1979 census. The data are arranged with one record per facility. Class II

Related publication:

Bureau of Justice Statistics,
CENSUS OF STATE CORRECTIONAL FACILITIES, 1979: ADVANCE REPORT,
NCJ-25642 United States Printing Office, Washington, D.C., 1979.

U. S. Dept. of Justice. Bureau of Justice Statistics; SURVEY OF INMATES OF STATE CORRECTIONAL FACILITIES, 1979. (ICPSR 7856)

Designed by the Bureau of Justice Statistics and conducted by the Bureau of the Census, this survey was one of a series of data-gathering efforts undertaken during the 1970s to assist policymakers in assessing the nation's correctional institutions and in formulating measures to overcome any deficiencies. Under the terms of the Crime Control Act of 1976, the Law Enforcement Assistance Administration (LEAA) was authorized by Congress to survey existing and future needs in federal, state, and local correctional facilities.

The Survey of Inmates of State Correctional Facilities gathered extensive information on demographic, socio-economic, and criminal history characteristics. Also obtained were details of inmates' military service records such as era and branch of service, eligibility for benefits, type of discharge, and contact with veterans' groups. Other variables include age, ethnicity, education, life-time drug use, drinking pattern prior to arrest, prior incarceration record, and prearrest annual income. There are a total of 1001 variables. All information was provided by inmates who participated in personal interviews on a voluntary basis.

The data are in a single file with 11,397 records and a logical record length of 1642 characters per record. Class III

Verba, Sidney, Norman H. Nie and Jae-On Kim;
POLITICAL PARTICIPATION AND EQUALITY IN SEVEN NATIONS, 1966-1971 (ICPSR 7768)

This dataset consists of seven parts, six individual country files and a comparative cross-national file. Personal surveys were conducted from 1967 to 1971 in seven nations. A set of core questions was designed to ascertain political participation in both local and national affairs. Items were

constructed to measure respondents' involvement in political organizations at both the local and national levels, participation in formal and informal community groups, the extent of individual contact with public officials, attitudes toward recent political and social changes, and respondents' interest in the political process. Basic demographic data is included. In addition, each national survey contains some items unique to that particular study.

AUSTRIA: 1769 cases; 417 variables.
INDIA: 2637 cases; 387 variables.
JAPAN: 2657 cases; 275 variables.

THE NETHERLANDS: 1746 cases: 474 variables.

NIGERIA: 2169 cases; 321 variables.

UNITED STATES: See ICPSR 7015

YUGOSLAVIA: 2995 cases; 235 variables.

CROSS-NATIONAL FILE: 16,059 cases; 44 variables. (All seven countries are

included.)

The files are available in OSIRIS or card-image format. SPSS control cards are also available for use with the card-image file. The documentation is machine readable. Class II

#### REVISIONS/UPDATES

U.S. Dept. of Commerce; Bureau of the Census;

CENSUS OF POPULATION AND HOUSING, 1980 {UNITED STATES}: P.L. 94-171

POPULATION COUNTS. (ICPSR 7854)

Data for 32 states and the District of Columbia had been received in time for the April Informational Mailing; files for the remaining 18 states are now available for users. Note these corrections in the April description: Puerto Rico will not be part of this series and New Mexico's part number is 35, not 34. Updated messages about 1980 Census data can be heard by calling 313/763-3486. The remaining 18 states are as follows. There are 51 parts in all.

PART	04	ARIZONA	PART	24	MARYLAND	PART	42	PENNSYLVANIA
	13	GEORGIA		26	MICHIGAN		45	SOUTH CAROLINA
	17	ILLINOIS		28	MISSISSIPI		47	TENNESSEE
4	19	IOWA		36	NEW YORK		200	TEXAS
	20	KENTUCKY		40	OKLAHOMA		51	VIRGINIA
	22	LOUISIANA		41	OREGON		53	WASHINGTON

U.S. Dept. of Justice. Bureau of Justice Statistics;

Revisions/Updates (July, 1981)

## JUVENILE DETENTION AND CORRECTIONAL FACILITY CENSUS, 1979 (ICPSR 7846)

The Juvenile Detention and Correctional Facility Census, 1979, is the Sixth in a series of surveys of the state and local public residential facilities in the juvenile justice system. The census was conducted by the U.S. Bureau of the Census.

The variables included are: type of facility, level of government responsible for administering the agency, number of admissions by type of offense and sex, adjudicated delinquent or declared in need of sepervision by by offense and sex, facility capacity, statistics on the age of residents by sex, average length of stay, number of full-time and part-time staff by sex and position and race, and facility expenditures. The 1979 survey has 1,015 cases in the data file, with 237 variables for each case. Comparable data were collected in 1971, 1973, 1974, 1975, and 1977. Class I.I

U.S. Dept. of Justice. Bureau of Justice Statistics; EXPENDITURE AND EMPLOYMENT DATA FOR THE CRIMINAL JUSTICE SYSTEM: ANNUAL FILE. 1979 (ICPSR 7618)

The most recent annual BJS study of police, judicial, legal and correctional expenditure and employment is now available. The data include responses of 10,742 U.S. Government units; there are 280 variables. Class II.

U.S. Dept. of Justice. Bureau of Justice Statistics; EXPENDITURE AND EMPLOYMENT DATA FOR THE CRIMINAL JUSTICE SYSTEM: 1971-1979 (ICPSR 7636)

This longitudinal dataset contains merged data from THE EXPENDITURE AND EMPLOYMENT DATA FOR THE CRIMINAL JUSTICE SYSTEM: ANNUAL FILES. Included in this new release are revised codebook materials and additional expenditure and employment data and documentation for 1979. Class II

U.S. Dept. of Justice. Bureau of Justice Statistics; SURVEY OF JAIL INMATES, 1978: REVISED EDITION (ICPSR 7751)

A new version of this survey of 5,247 inmates housed in 421 local U.S. jails is now available. Problematic missing data codes have been amended, and the original survey is now being re-released. Class II.

U.S. Dept. of Justice. Bureau of Justice Statistics; CENSUS OF STATE CORRECTIONAL FACILITIES, 1974 (ICPSR 7811)

The study was designed by the Bureau of Justice Statistics and conducted by the United States Bureau of the Census. The census includes all state correctional facilities known to the Bureau of the Census in 1974. Each facility is classified into one of ten categories such as community center, prison farm, road camp, or reception center. Data for 1974 include: number of inmates by security classification, and by sex, number of full and part time staff, number of paid and volunteer staff broken down by position, age, pay, and education, number and age of facilities, type of facilities provided in each cell by size of cell, hospital facilities available, programs provided for the inmates, job training, and inmate 1Q scores. There are a total of 388 variables for the 592 facilities in the 1974 census. The data are arranged with one record per facility. Class II.

Related publications:

Bureau of Justice Statistics, CENSUS OF STATE CORRECTIONAL FACILITIES, 1974: ADVANCE REPORT, NCJ-25642
United States Printing Office, Washington, D.C., 1974.

U.S. Dept. of Justice. Bureau of Justice Statistics;
NATIONAL CRIME SURVEYS: NATIONAL SAMPLE, 1973-1979 (ICPSR 7635)

An expanded introductory section has been added to this data collection which explains hierarchical datasets, rate estimating procedures and standard error estimating procedures as well as giving additional information on the sample. A codebook dictionary is now also included.

Parnes, Herbert S.;
NATIONAL LONGITUDINAL SURVEYS OF LABOR MARKET EXPERIENCE, 1966-1979. (ICPSR 7610)

The Young Women cohort, 1968-1978 is now available. There are 5,159 units of analysis in the file. The logical record length for these data is 28,184. Class IV.

Straus, Murray A., and Richard J. Gelles;
PHYSICAL VIOLENCE IN AMERICAN FAMILIES, 1976. (ICPSR 7733)

Revisions/Updates (July, 1981)

This collection was previously released as Class IV and is now available as Class II.

Center for Health Administration Studies/National Opinion Research Center;
SURVEY OF HEALTH SERVICES UTILIZATION AND EXPENDITURES, 1970. (ICPSR 7740)

Previously released as Class III, this collection is now available as Class II.

#### ERRATA

- 1. Users should note that studies formerly listed under the Law Enforcement Assistance Administration (L.E.A.A) are now listed under the Bureau of Justice Statistics (B.J.S.), effective immediately.
- 2. Two studies which were announced in the April Informational Mailing have data in binary form and users should be aware of that before using these files. The studies are PRIMARY CARE JUDGMENTS OF NURSES AND PHYSICIANS, 1976-1978: CLINICAL SIMULATION TEST CHRONIC OBSTRUCTIVE PULMONARY DISEASE DATA (ICPSR 7731), and PRIMARY CARE JUDGMENTS OF NURSES AND PHYSICIANS, 1976-1978: CLINICAL SIMULATION TEST HYPERTENSION DATA (ICPSR 7732).
- 3. Please note that an incorrect title was given for a released study. Instead of CENSUS OF PUBLIC JUVENILE DETENTION, CORRECTIONAL AND SHELTER FACILITIES (ICPSR 7846) the study is actually titled JUVENILE DETENTION AND CORRECTIONAL FACILITIES, 1979 (ICPSR 7846)
- 4. In the QUALITY OF AMERICAN LIFE, 1978 (ICPSR 7762), Var. 638 is described as "Respondent's best family income in the last 5 years". This variable actually is "Respondent's best expected income in the next 5 years".
- 5. In the file structure information for American National Election Study, Pre-Post, 1980, (ICPSR 7763), it is incorrectly stated that there are 15 decks per case in the card-image version. There are 49 decks per case.



# Data and Computation Center for the Social Sciences

Data and Program Library Service

#### DATA TAPES NOW AVAILABLE FOR

U.S. PERSONNEL AND FUNDING RESOURCES FOR SCIENCE, ENGINEERING, AND TECHNOLOGY

The Data and Program Library Service (DPLS) announces the availability of computer data tapes for the United States Personnel and Funding Resources for Science, Engineering, and Technology, a data collection program sponsored by the Division of Science Resources Studies of the National Science Foundation (NFS/SRS) and under contract to a number of governmental and private data producers.

This collection documents demographic, labor force, and skill characteristics of scientific and technical personnel and furnishes employer-based information on sectors of the economy, occupations, and types of activities in which scientists and engineers are employed. Special surveys include those concerned with financial resources for research and development.

#### DISTRIBUTION PLANS

The NSF/SRS has awarded the DPLS a grant to create an archive for selected studies produced by its data collection program. The archive was established to promote the availability of the data to users of scientific and technical human resources data; to centralize data resources currently distributed by producers under contract to SRS; and to facilitate user access and reduce costs.

The following data files from the series are now available to the social research, policy, and teaching communities. DPLS will also provide a list of associated publications.

Federal Support to Universities, Colleges, and Selected Nonprofit Institutions, 1971-. l data file and accompanying print documentation. Data collected annually.

Graduate Science Student Support and Postdoctorals, Fall 1972-. 1 data file and accompanying print documentation. Data collected annually. Scientific and Engineering Expenditures at Universities and Colleges, 1972-. 1 data file and accompanying print

at Universities and Colleges, 1972-.

l data file and accompanying print documentation. Data collected annually.

Scientific and Engineering Personnel
Employed at Universities and Colleges,
1973-. I data file and accompanying
print documentation. Data collected
annually.

Surveys of Natural and Social Scientists and Engineers, 1972-1978. 4 data files and accompanying print documentation. Data collected in 1972, 1974, 1976, and 1978 on the same population. Also known as the National Surveys of Experienced Scientists and Engineers. An Index of Variables for the four surveys is available.

Surveys of Recent Science and Engineering Graduates, 1976-. 4 data files and accompanying print documentation. Data collected on new samples in 1976, 1978, 1979, and 1980. Also known as the NSF New Entrants Surveys.

As new surveys become available, they will be incorporated in the DPLS archive. Potential users should contact DPLS for further information on the collection and to be placed on the mailing list.

#### TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS

The employer-based data files are hierarchical in structure and the individual, rectangular. Data files can

be written in BCD, EBCDIC or ASCII and labeled or unlabeled to meet a user's computer specifications. Only the raw data will be supplied. With the exception of the Surveys of Natural and Social Scientists and Engineers, 1972-1978, which requires 3 magnetic tapes at 1600 BPI, all other files can be written on one reel at 1600 or 6250 BPI if blocked at around 17,000 characters. Selected extracts can be prepared upon request for users.

#### COSTS

Depending on user computer specifications, the cost of acquiring a particular data file will vary between \$40 and \$200 (the upper bound if small block sizes and lower densities are required). Most data files can be acquired for under \$75, when only straight duplication is requested. When duplication is requested, cost is a function of the number of magnetic tapes, computer time, size of documentation, and postage. The cost structure will remain in effect until the termination of the grant (September 30, 1981).

The potential user should contact Ms. Karen Imhof, Data and Program Library Service, University of Wisconsin-Madison, Wisconsin 53706 USA (tel. no.: 608-262-7962) for more information.