



P

reserving and Enhancing Data on Education

THROUGH ITS NEWLY ESTAB- LISHED EDUCA- TION ARCHIVE, ICPSR SEEKS TO

preserve and provide access to data on all aspects of the education system in the United States. Working with the National Center for Education Statistics, ICPSR is making available data series that span decades, thus enabling research on a variety of factors that influence educational outcomes.

ICPSR is collaborating with the National Center for Education Statistics (NCES), the primary federal entity for collecting and analyzing data related to education in the United States and other nations, in establishing the International Archive of Education Data (IAED). The archive, which is based at ICPSR, acquires, processes, documents, and disseminates data collected by national, state or provincial, local, and private organizations, pertaining to all levels of education in countries for which data can be made available. Data encompass the "inputs" to education (funding, personnel, teaching resources, facilities, teacher and student preparation, etc.), the variety of processes by which teaching and learning occur, and the "outputs" of education (graduation and matriculation rates, drop-out rates, test scores, job placements, life histories, life assessments, etc.). The data stored in this new archive are intended to support a wide variety of comparative and longitudinal research through the preservation and sharing of data resources. The archive seeks to serve the needs of academics, policymakers, and researchers in the field of education.

Data from NCES form the initial foundation of the archive. The first and foremost goal of the archive is to preserve all of the NCES public-use research data holdings and to make these holdings, as resources permit, suitably available for research throughout the nation and the world. Some of these data collections are more than 30 years old and exist in a wide variety of data formats. Original documentation in many cases exists only in hardcopy form. This rich public resource comprises much of the statistical history of the federal education establishment in the United States.

Staff of the International Archive of Education Data contributing to this article included Nora Arato, Peter Granda, Mark Morgan, and Carmela Valente. Some of the text was drawn from publications of the National Center for Education Statistics.

Processing and Procedures

During the initial stages of the work, ICPSR has performed several key tasks to preserve NCES data collections and to encourage their research use. All original paper documentation has been preserved and has also been converted into electronic form through scanning procedures using Adobe Acrobat, thus producing files in Portable Document Format (PDF). Archive staff have examined the technical documentation for the presence of required elements (e.g., sampling description, response rates, data collection methods, data collection instruments, codes, etc.) and have checked data files for the presence of undocumented or "wild" codes for categorical variables. In addition, staff have performed confidentiality assessments to determine whether the data elements require treatment to preserve respondent privacy under contemporary standards for reducing the risk of reidentification.

The completion of all processing steps results in easy access to these NCES public-use research datasets. All data collections processed under the project are accompanied by electronic documentation, including (when available) record layout forms, data element descriptions, questionnaires or data collection instruments, attachments, tables, and appendices. Electronic documentation is searchable for text terms if the original materials were of sufficiently high optical quality. In addition:

- With a few exceptions, all datasets are accompanied by SAS input statements.
- All datasets include standard data-finding materials such as study descriptions, thus facilitat-

ing resource discovery and retrieval through ICPSR's on-line search facilities.

- All NCES data and documentation in the IAED are available at no charge to anyone having access to the World Wide Web, without regard to institutional membership in ICPSR. Alternative physical media are provided at cost upon request.
- All electronic documentation may be browsed and searched on-line.
- Technical user support is provided to all users upon request.
- All data and documentation files are archived in such a manner as to ensure that the data remain available for research for many generations.

IAED and NCES Websites

Upon completion of these tasks, all processed datasets and their documentation are made available through the IAED web page on the ICPSR server: <http://www.icpsr.umich.edu/IAED/>. This website is intended to function as the principal vehicle for IAED activities. It serves as one of the "data access tools" of the National Center for Education Statistics, providing users with historical data to complement the more recent surveys available directly from the NCES website.

One of the distinctive features of the IAED website is its close relation to the online facilities of NCES (<http://nces.ed.gov/>). The goal is to provide seamless access to educational research resources of all types. In addition to providing a large and ever-increasing number of basic data and documentation files for researchers to perform their own quantitative analyses, the NCES website permits

users to quickly examine and download NCES reports, peruse self-generated statistical information about schools and education policies, and link to a wide variety of other similar sites.

Data Holdings

IAED currently holds the following data series:

Elementary/Secondary Surveys

- Common Core of Data (CCD)
- Private School Survey (PSS)
- Schools and Staffing Survey (SASS)
- National Household Education Survey (NHES)

Education Assessment

- National Assessment of Education Progress (NAEP)

Postsecondary Surveys

- Integrated Postsecondary Education Data System (IPEDS)
- Higher Education General Information Survey (HEGIS)
- National Postsecondary Student Aid Study (NPSAS)
- Recent College Graduates (RCG)
- Adult Education Surveys

Longitudinal Surveys

- National Longitudinal Study of the High School Class of 1972 (NLS-72)
- High School and Beyond (HS&B)
- National Education Longitudinal Study of 1988 (NELS)

Libraries

- Public Library Survey

A brief description of each of these data series follows.

Common Core of Data (CCD)

The CCD consists of four surveys completed annually by state education departments to report data about

all United States public elementary and secondary schools, local education agencies, and state education agencies. Three categories of information are included: a general description of schools and school districts, including name, address, and phone number; data on students and staff, including demographics; and fiscal data, including revenues and current expenditures. Early-release CCD data files are available at the NCES CCD website. The CCD includes four components:

- *Public School Universe* provides information on all public elementary and secondary schools in operation during a school year, including school location and type, enrollment by grade and student characteristics, and the number of classroom teachers.
- *Public Agency Universe* includes information for the universe of Local Education Agencies (LEAs), including phone number, location and type of agency, current number of students, and number of high school graduates and completers in the previous year.
- *State Nonfiscal Survey* aggregates all students and staff to the state level, including number of students by grade level, full-time equivalent staff by major employment category, and high school graduates and completers in the previous year.
- *State Fiscal Survey* offers detailed data aggregated to the state level, including average daily attendance, school district revenues by source (local, state, federal), and expenditures by function (instruction, support services, and noninstruction) and subfunction (school administration, etc.).

Private School Survey (PSS)

The PSS produces information about the number of private schools, students, teachers, and graduates in the United States. The PSS was first conducted in 1989–1990; follow-ups were conducted in 1991–1992, 1993–1994, 1995–1996, and 1997–1998. This survey will be administered every two years, with another round in 1999–2000.

Schools and Staffing Survey (SASS)

The SASS is an integrated sample survey of public and private schools, public school districts, and principals and teachers. SASS was first administered during the 1987–1988 school year, and again in 1990–1991 and 1993–1994. It will be conducted again in 1999–2000 and in 2003–2004.

National Household Education Survey (NHES)

The NHES is designed to collect information from households on a variety of educational issues. Surveys were fielded in the spring of 1991, 1993, 1995, and 1996 and will continue to be conducted periodically. The first survey collected information from parents concerning early childhood education. In 1993, parents were asked about the school readiness of their children, and both parents and children were asked about school safety and discipline. The 1995 survey focused on early childhood program participation. Parent involvement in the education of their children and parent civic involvement were addressed in 1996. Youths were interviewed about their civic involvement as well. Information was also collected about household use of public libraries.

National Assessment of Education Progress (NAEP)

NAEP is designed to continuously monitor the knowledge, skills, and performance of the nation's children and youth. NAEP provides objective data on student performance at national and regional levels in reading, mathematics, science, writing, citizenship, U.S. history, geography, social studies, art, music, literature, computer competence, and career and occupational development.

Integrated Postsecondary Education Data System (IPEDS)

The IPEDS surveys most postsecondary institutions annually, including universities and colleges, as well as institutions offering technical and vocational education beyond the high school level. IPEDS began in 1986, replacing the Higher Education General Information Survey (HEGIS), which began in 1966. IPEDS includes the following components:

- *Earned Degrees/Completions* offers annual numbers of associate, bachelor's, master's, doctoral, and first-professional degrees and other formal awards, by institution, 6-digit CIP code, and sex of recipient. Also provided are awards by racial/ethnic composition, program area, and sex.
- *Fall Enrollment* provides annual data on full- and part-time enrollment by racial/ethnic category and sex for undergraduates, first-professional, and graduate students. Age distributions by level of enrollment and sex are collected in odd-numbered years, and first-time degree-seeking student enrollments by residence status are collected in even-numbered years.

- *Fall Staff* presents the number of institutional staff by occupational activity, full- and part-time status, sex, and race/ethnicity. Data are collected in odd-numbered years. Beginning with 1993, this survey replaces the EEO-6 survey conducted by the Equal Employment Opportunity Commission.
- *Finance Statistics* includes each institution's current fund revenues by source (e.g., tuition and fees, government, gifts); current fund expenditures by function (e.g., instruction, research); assets and indebtedness; and endowment investments. Data are collected annually.
- *Institutional Characteristics/Total Institutional Activity* provides information for all postsecondary education institutions in the United States and outlying territories on name and address, congressional district, county, telephone number, tuition, control or affiliation, calendar system, levels of degrees and awards offered, types of programs, credit and contact hour data, and accreditation. Data are collected annually.
- *Salaries, Tenure, and Fringe Benefits of Full-Time Instructional Faculty* presents the number of full-time instructional faculty by rank, sex, tenure status, and length of contract, as well as salaries and fringe benefits. Data are collected annually.

Higher Education General Information Survey (HEGIS)

HEGIS, the forerunner of IPEDS, constituted an integral part of the comprehensive nationwide system of collecting basic data on higher educa-

tion widely used by administrators, planners, researchers, and guidance counselors. Composed of a number of distinct surveys, this data series included information such as the number of degrees conferred at institutions of higher education in the United States, revenues and expenditures, enrollment statistics including number of students by residence status, basic characteristics of educational institutions, numbers of full- and part-time employees, and faculty compensation. HEGIS includes the following components:

- *Earned Degrees/Completions* provides information, by sex and race, on the number of bachelor's, master's, doctor's, and first-professional degrees conferred in selected fields, and degrees and awards conferred based on less than four years of academic work beyond high school.
- *Finance* covers current fund revenues by source, expenditures by function, land, buildings, equipment assets, balances and transactions on the physical plant, endowments, and changes in fund balance.
- *Residence and Migration* provides the number of students in enrollment classifications by residence status (in-state/out-of-state/foreign), by home state, and by sex.
- *Salaries* focuses on compensation of full-time instructional faculty by sex, rank, and length of contract, and may also include tenure and fringe benefits of full-time instructional faculty and administrators. This component represents a compilation of two surveys used by NCES to collect salary data: "Employees in Higher Education," and "Salaries,

Tenure, and Fringe Benefits of Full-Time Faculty."

- *Fall Enrollment* provides full-time, part-time, and full-time-equivalent enrollment by sex and by race, for undergraduate, graduate, unclassified, and first-professional degree students by field of study.
- *Institutional Characteristics* includes institution name, address, telephone number, congressional district, type of control, level of offerings, types of programs, accreditation, names of principal officers, and previous year enrollment.
- *Libraries* covers library resources, physical facilities, staffing patterns, salaries and wages, number of employees, level of educational attainment, current expenditures, and learning resource centers.

National Postsecondary Student Aid Study (NPSAS)

The NPSAS is a comprehensive study that examines how students and their families pay for postsecondary education. It includes nationally representative samples of undergraduate, graduate, and first-professional students attending public and private less-than-two-year institutions, community colleges, four-year colleges, and major universities. Students who receive financial aid as well as those who do not receive financial aid participate in NPSAS. Comprehensive student interviews and administrative records, with exceptional detail concerning student financial aid, are available for academic years 1986–1987, 1989–1990, 1992–1993, and 1995–1996. Another survey round is being conducted in 1999–2000.

Recent College Graduates (RCG)

The RCG is designed to analyze the occupational outcomes and educational experiences of bachelor's and master's degree recipients who graduated from colleges and universities in the continental United States. The survey was administered during the 1985–1986 academic year and again during the 1989–1990 academic year.

Adult Education Surveys

These surveys, conducted by the Bureau of the Census as part of their Current Population Survey, collected information on participants in adult and continuing education activities throughout the 50 states and the District of Columbia. Information was collected on types of courses taken, types of institutions or agencies offering courses, reasons for taking the courses, and the respondent's age, sex, and race.

National Longitudinal Study of the High School Class of 1972 (NLS-72)

This survey describes the transition of young adults from high school through postsecondary education and the workplace. The data span 1972 through 1986 and include college transcripts.

High School and Beyond (HS&B)

The HS&B describes the activities of seniors and sophomores as they progressed through high school, postsecondary education, and into the workplace. The data cover the period 1980 through 1992 and include parent, teacher, and high school transcript data; student financial aid records; and college tran-

scripts, in addition to student questionnaires.

National Education Longitudinal Study of 1988 (NELS)

Beginning with an 8th-grade cohort in 1988, NELS provides trend data on critical transitions experienced by young people as they develop, attend school, and embark on their careers. Data were collected from students and their parents, teachers, and high school principals and from existing school records such as high school transcripts. Cognitive tests (math, science, reading, and history) were administered during the base year (1988), first follow-up (1990), and second follow-up (1992). Third follow-up data were collected in 1994. All dropouts were retained in the study.

Public Library Survey

The Public Library Survey collects data annually on the nearly 9,000 local public libraries in the U.S. Data are collected through the Federal State Cooperative System for public library data and cover staffing, service outlets, income and expenditures, collection size, and service measures.

Additional NCES Surveys

A number of NCES data collections that are sampled surveys of individuals are currently available from NCES as restricted data files. Restrictions apply only to surveys of individuals from 1990 forward; prior survey data are publicly available. To learn more about these collections and to obtain the restricted access files, follow the link on the IAED homepage

(<http://www.icpsr.umich.edu/IAED/>) to the NCES website.

New Directions for the IAED

Archive staff are continuing to explore new methods of processing and disseminating data collections. For example, documentation for selected datasets will be enhanced to include extensive hyperlinks to permit researchers to move easily from one section of the document to another. In addition, a number of data collections will be incorporated into a Survey Documentation and Analysis System (SDA), which will allow users to subset variables or cases for analyzing or downloading and produce crosstabulations, descriptive statistics, and frequencies.

Perhaps the most important future direction for IAED is the expansion of its collection scope beyond its core of NCES datasets. IAED will increase its contacts with the research community by exhibiting at major education conferences such as the American Educational Research Association's annual meeting in New Orleans, April 24–28, 2000. Additional collections from individual research scholars and data sources from the international arena will allow IAED to fulfill one of its ultimate goals: facilitating comparative research of the educational enterprise.

The International Archive of Education Data staff are eager to hear from researchers about educational data that they would like to see included in the archive and would particularly welcome inquiries from project investigators who wish to deposit their data in the International Archive of Education Data.

NEW AT ICPSR

American National Election Study, 1998: Post-Election Survey —

*Virginia Sapiro, Steven J. Rosenstone,
and the National Election Studies*
(ICPSR 2684)

This study is part of a time-series collection of national surveys fielded continuously since 1952. The election studies are designed to present data on Americans' social backgrounds, enduring political predispositions, social and political values, perceptions and evaluations of groups and candidates, opinions on questions of public policy, and participation in political life. Substantive themes of the 1998 election study include, among others, knowledge and evaluation of the House candidates and placement of the candidates on various issue dimensions, interest in the political campaigns, attentiveness to the media's coverage of the campaign, media use, evaluation of the mass media, vote choice, partisanship, and evaluations of the political parties and the party system. Additional items focused on political participation, political mobilization, evaluations of the president and Congress, the "Lewinsky affair," egalitarianism, moral traditionalism, political trust, political efficacy, ideology, cultural pluralism, and political knowledge. Respondents were also asked about their attitudes toward a wide range of issues, including social policy, race policy, military and foreign policy, immigration, foreign imports, prayer in schools, school vouchers, the environment, the death penalty, women's rights, abortion, and religion and politics, including new measures of explicitly political and religious orientations. Demographic items such as age, sex, nationality, marital status, employment status, occupation, and education were also included.

Additions to Holdings

ABC News Bradley/Bush/Gore Express Poll, June 1999 — ABC News (ICPSR 2776)

ABC News Iraq/Impeachment Poll, December 1998 — ABC News (ICPSR 2712)

ABC News Kosovo Peace Poll #1, June 1999 — ABC News (ICPSR 2774)

ABC News Kosovo Peace Poll #2, June 1999 — ABC News (ICPSR 2775)

ABC News Kosovo Poll #1, April 1999 — ABC News (ICPSR 2769)

ABC News Manners Express Poll, May 1999 — ABC News (ICPSR 2772)

ABC News "Nightline" Kosovo Poll #1, March 1999 — ABC News (ICPSR 2767)

ABC News "Nightline" Kosovo Poll #2, March 1999 — ABC News (ICPSR 2768)

ABC News "Nightline" Kosovo Poll #2, April 1999 — ABC News (ICPSR 2770)

ABC News "Nightline" State of the Union Address Poll, January 1999 — ABC News (ICPSR 2714)

ABC News Senate Vote Poll, February 1999 — ABC News (ICPSR 2723)

ABC News Starr Testimony Poll, November 1998 — ABC News (ICPSR 2708)

ABC News Videotaped Testimony Poll, February 1999 — ABC News (ICPSR 2716)

ABC News/Washington Post House Vote Poll, December 1998 — ABC News/The Washington Post (ICPSR 2713)

ABC News/Washington Post Impeachment Hearings Vote Poll, December 1998 — ABC News/The Washington Post (ICPSR 2710)

ABC News/Washington Post Impeachment Poll, December 1998 — ABC News/The Washington Post (ICPSR 2709)

ABC News/Washington Post Kosovo Poll, May 1999 — ABC News/The Washington Post (ICPSR 2773)

ABC News/Washington Post Kosovo Poll #3, April 1999 — ABC News/The Washington Post (ICPSR 2771)

ABC News/Washington Post Poll, March 1999 — ABC News/The Washington Post (ICPSR 2724)

American National Election Studies, 1992-1997: Combined File — Virginia Sapiro, Steven J. Rosenstone, Donald R. Kinder, Warren E. Miller, and the National Election Studies (ICPSR 2407)

American National Election Study: 1998 Pilot Study — Virginia Sapiro, Steven J. Rosenstone, and the National Election Studies (ICPSR 2693)

American National Election Study, 1998: Post-Election Survey — Virginia Sapiro, Steven J. Rosenstone, and the National Election Studies (ICPSR 2684)

Behavior Settings in the Midwest, 1963-1964: [Oskaloosa, Kansas] — Roger G. Barker (ICPSR 2703)

CBS News "CBS.Marketwatch.com" Internet Poll, January 1999 — CBS News (ICPSR 2719)

CBS News Call-Back Poll, January 1998 — CBS News (ICPSR 2457)

CBS News Call-Back Poll, February 1998 — CBS News (ICPSR 2460)

CBS News Call-Back Poll, February 1999 — CBS News (ICPSR 2721)

CBS News "Class of 2000" Poll, December 1998 — CBS News (ICPSR 2671)

CBS News "48 Hours" Monthly Poll #4, January 1998 — CBS News (ICPSR 2454)

CBS News Monthly Poll #4, August 1996 — CBS News (ICPSR 2359)

CBS News Monthly Poll #3 and Call-Back, January 1998 — CBS News (ICPSR 2453)

CBS News Monthly Poll #2, March 1998 — CBS News (ICPSR 2464)

CBS News Monthly Poll #5, October 1998 — CBS News (ICPSR 2663)

CBS News Monthly Poll #2, January 1999 — CBS News (ICPSR 2718)

CBS News Monthly Poll, February 1999 — CBS News (ICPSR 2728)

CBS News Monthly Poll #1, March 1999 — CBS News (ICPSR 2726)

CBS News Monthly Poll #2, March 1999 — CBS News (ICPSR 2727)

CBS News/New York Times Monthly Poll #1, August 1996 — CBS News/The New York Times (ICPSR 2349)

CBS News/New York Times Monthly Poll #2, August 1996 — CBS News/The New York Times (ICPSR 2357)

CBS News/New York Times Monthly Poll #3, August 1996 — CBS News/The New York Times (ICPSR 2358)

CBS News/New York Times Monthly Poll #2, November 1997 — CBS News/The New York Times (ICPSR 2360)

CBS News/New York Times Monthly Poll #5, January 1998 — CBS News/The New York Times (ICPSR 2455)

CBS News/New York Times Monthly Poll #1, January 1999 — CBS News/The New York Times (ICPSR 2717)

Capital Punishment in the United States, 1973–1996 — United States Department of Justice. Bureau of Justice Statistics (ICPSR 2736)

Capital Punishment in the United States, 1973–1997 — United States Department of Justice. Bureau of Justice Statistics (ICPSR 2737)

Common Core of Data: National Public Education Financial Survey, 1989–1992 — United States Department of Education. National Center for Education Statistics (ICPSR 6917)

Communication of Innovation in Policing in the United States, 1996 — Alexander Weiss (ICPSR 2480)

Comparative Study of Electoral Systems, 1996–2000 — Comparative Study of Electoral Systems Secretariat (ICPSR 2683)

Controlling Fraud in Small Business Health Benefits Programs in the United States, 1990–1996 — Robert Tillman (ICPSR 2627)

Counseling for High Skills (CHS) Program Evaluation, 1994, 1995, and 1997: [Colorado, Florida, Iowa, Kansas, and Nebraska] — Paula M. Hudis (ICPSR 2757)

County Business Patterns, 1996 [United States]: U.S. Summary, State and County Data — United States Department of Commerce. Bureau of the Census (ICPSR 2701)

Current Population Survey, October 1997: School Enrollment — United States Department of Commerce. Bureau of the Census (ICPSR 2678)

Current Population Survey, June 1998: Fertility and Birth Expectations — United States Department of Commerce. Bureau of the Census (ICPSR 2697)

Divorce Mediation and Domestic Violence in the United States, 1993 — Jessica Pearson (ICPSR 2561)

Eurobarometer 47.1: Images of Switzerland, Education Throughout Life, Racism, and Patterns of Family Planning and Work Status, March–April 1997 — Anna Melich (ICPSR 2089)

Eurobarometer 47.2: Women and Cancer, the European Parliament, and Expectations of the European Union, April–June 1997 — Anna Melich (ICPSR 2090)

Eurobarometer 47.2OVR: Young Europeans, April–June 1997 — Anna Melich (ICPSR 2091)

NEW AT ICPSR

Capital Punishment in the United States, 1973–1997 — United States Department of Justice. Bureau of Justice Statistics (ICPSR 2737)

This data collection provides annual data on prisoners under a sentence of death and prisoners whose offense sentences were commuted or vacated during the period 1973–1997. Information is supplied for basic sociodemographic characteristics such as age, sex, education, and state of incarceration. Criminal history data include prior felony convictions for criminal homicide and legal status at the time of the capital offense. Additional information is available for inmates removed from death row by yearend 1997 and for inmates who were executed.

NEW AT ICPSR

Comparative Study of Electoral Systems, 1996–2000 —

Comparative Study of Electoral Systems Secretariat (ICPSR 2683)

This study is an ongoing collaborative program of crossnational research among national election studies designed to advance the understanding of electoral behavior across polities. The data project, which is being carried out in over 50 consolidated and emerging democracies, was coordinated by social scientists from around the world who cooperated to specify the research agenda, the study design, and the micro- and macro-level data that native teams of researchers collected within each polity. This collection currently comprises data from surveys conducted during 1996–1998 in Australia, the Czech Republic, Great Britain, Israel, Lithuania, Poland, Romania, Spain, Taiwan, Ukraine, and the United States. The format includes a common questionnaire module and background (demographic) characteristics of respondents, coded to agreed-upon standards. These data have been merged into a single crossnational dataset with a companion supplementary weighted data file. Measures included in the study focus on three main issues. The first topic explored is the impact of electoral institutions, with questions about parliamentary versus presidential systems of government (levels of accountability, responsiveness), the electoral rules on casting/counting of votes (issues of fairness, impact of voting), and political parties (identification, ideological distinction). The second major issue covered is the nature of political and social cleavages and alignments, explored by questions such as left-right issue orientation of respondents vs. political parties. Lastly, the collection covers the evaluation of democratic institutions and processes through measures such as efficacy in political parties, elected officials, and respondents' satisfaction with democracy. Additionally, data were collected on voter turnout, voter choice, and respondents' age, sex, education, employment, and income.

Eurobarometer 48.0: Holiday Travel, October–November 1997 —
Anna Melich (ICPSR 2353)

Eurobarometer 49: Food Product Safety, Child Sex Tourism, Health Care, and Cancer, April–May 1998 — Anna Melich (ICPSR 2559)

Evaluation of Day Fines in Maricopa County, Arizona, 1991–1993 —
Susan Turner and Joan Petersilia (ICPSR 2024)

Evaluation of the First Incarceration Shock Treatment (FIST) Program for Youthful Offenders in Kentucky, 1993–1994 — Blair B. Bourque, Daniel B. Felker, Mei Han, and Richard N. White (ICPSR 2698)

Frequency of Arrest of the Young, Chronic, Serious Offender Using Two Male Cohorts Paroled by the California Youth Authority, 1981–1982 and 1986–1987 — Richard L. Linster, Pamela K. Lattimore, John M. MacDonald, and Christy A. Visser (ICPSR 2588)

General Social Surveys, 1972–1998: [Cumulative File] — James A. Davis and Tom W. Smith (ICPSR 2685)

Impact of Constitutional and Statutory Protection on Crime Victims' Rights in Four States in the United States, 1995 — David Beatty, Susan Smith Howley, and Dean G. Kilpatrick (ICPSR 2467)

Integrated Postsecondary Education Data System (IPEDS): Earned Degrees, 1995–1996 —
United States Department of Education. National Center for Education Statistics (ICPSR 2680)

Integrated Postsecondary Education Data System (IPEDS): Fall Enrollment, 1986 — United States Department of Education. National Center for Education Statistics (ICPSR 2221)

Integrated Postsecondary Education Data System (IPEDS): Fall Enrollment, 1992 — United States Department of Education. National Center for Education Statistics (ICPSR 2583)

Integrated Postsecondary Education Data System (IPEDS): Higher Education Finance Data, 1986–1987 — United States Department of Education. National Center for Education Statistics (ICPSR 2219)

Integrated Postsecondary Education Data System (IPEDS): Higher Education Finance Data, 1987–1988 — United States Department of Education. National Center for Education Statistics (ICPSR 2220)

Integrated Postsecondary Education Data System (IPEDS): Higher Education Finance Data, 1995–1996 — United States Department of Education. National Center for Education Statistics (ICPSR 2738)

Integrated Postsecondary Education Data System (IPEDS): Institutional Characteristics, 1987–1988 — United States Department of Education. National Center for Education Statistics (ICPSR 2217)

Integrated Postsecondary Education Data System (IPEDS): Institutional Characteristics, 1988–1989 — United States Department of Education. National Center for Education Statistics (ICPSR 2218)

Integrated Postsecondary Education Data System (IPEDS): Institutional Characteristics, 1992–1993 — United States Department of Education. National Center for Education Statistics (ICPSR 2586)

Integrated Postsecondary Education Data System (IPEDS): Salaries, Tenure, and Fringe Benefits of Full-Time Faculty, 1996–1997 — United States Department of Education. National Center for Education Statistics (ICPSR 2681)

Intensive Supervision for High-Risk Offenders in 14 Sites in the United States, 1987–1990 — Joan Petersilia, Susan Turner, and Elizabeth Piper Deschenes (ICPSR 6358)

Inventory of Data Elements in State and Federal Corrections Information Systems, 1998 — William J. Sabol (ICPSR 2575)

Juror Discussions About Evidence, 1997–1998: [Arizona] — L. Paula Hannaford, Valerie P. Hans, and G. Thomas Munsterman (ICPSR 2687)

Law Enforcement Management and Administrative Statistics (LEMAS): 1997 Sample Survey of Law Enforcement Agencies — United States Department of Justice, Bureau of Justice Statistics (ICPSR 2700)

Multiple Cause of Death, 1996 — United States Department of Health and Human Services, National Center for Health Statistics (ICPSR 2702)

National Ambulatory Medical Care Survey, 1997 — United States Department of Health and Human Services, National Center for Health Statistics (ICPSR 2690)

National Health and Nutrition Examination Survey II: Mortality Study, 1992 — United States Department of Health and Human Services, National Center for Health Statistics (ICPSR 2631)

National Health Interview Survey, 1996 — United States Department of Health and Human Services, National Center for Health Statistics (ICPSR 2661)

National Health Interview Survey, 1996: Access to Care Supplement — United States Department of Health and Human Services, National Center for Health Statistics (ICPSR 2657)

National Health Interview Survey, 1996: Health Insurance Supplement — United States Department of Health and Human Services, National Center for Health Statistics (ICPSR 2658)

National Health Interview Survey, 1996: Immunization Supplement — United States Department of Health and Human Services, National Center for Health Statistics (ICPSR 2659)

National Health Interview Survey on Disability, 1995: Phase I, Person and Condition Data — United States Department of Health and Human Services, National Center for Health Statistics (ICPSR 2576)

National Health Interview Survey on Disability, 1995: Phase II, Adult Followback — United States Department of Health and Human Services, National Center for Health Statistics (ICPSR 2578)

National Health Interview Survey on Disability, 1995: Phase II, Child Followback — United States Department of Health and Human Services, National Center for Health Statistics (ICPSR 2577)

National Home and Hospice Care Survey, 1996 — United States Department of Health and Human Services, National Center for Health Statistics (ICPSR 2707)

National Judicial Reporting Program, 1996: [United States] — United States Department of Justice, Bureau of Justice Statistics (ICPSR 2660)

National Survey of Private Schools, 1985–1986 — United States Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics (ICPSR 2396)

New York Times New York State Poll, March 1999 — *The New York Times* (ICPSR 2725)

Pathways to Adulthood: A Three-Generation Urban Study, 1960–1994: [Baltimore, Maryland] — Janet B. Hardy and Sam Shapiro (ICPSR 2420)

Police Corruption in Thirty Agencies in the United States, 1997 — Carl B. Klockars (ICPSR 2629)

Schools and Staffing Survey, 1987–1988 [United States]: Revised Version — United States Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics (ICPSR 2733)

Schools and Staffing Survey, 1987–1988 [United States]: Teacher Follow-Up Survey, 1988–1989, Revised Version — United States Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics (ICPSR 2734)

Schools and Staffing Survey, 1993–1994 [United States]: Revised Version — United States Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics (ICPSR 2748)

NEW AT ICPSR

Eurobarometer 47.2OVR: Young

Europeans, April–June 1997 —

Anna Melich (ICPSR 2091)

This collection, which focuses on the attitudes of young Europeans, merges replies from respondents aged 15–24 years in **Eurobarometer 47.2: Women and Cancer, the European Parliament, and Expectations of the European Union, April–June 1997** (ICPSR 2090) with an oversample of persons in the same age group. Respondents were asked questions on a variety of topics, including the impact of the European Union (EU) on their lives, areas in which the EU could be more active, responsibility to the elderly, reasons for living longer at home, when to have children, leisure activities, organizational memberships, religious beliefs, immigrants, foreign travel and work experiences abroad, languages spoken, and source of income. Opinions were also elicited on euthanasia, capital punishment, rights of homosexuals, compulsory AIDS testing, premarital and extra-marital sex, and cloning. Demographic and other background information provided includes respondent's age, sex, occupation of both respondent and head of household, religious preference, the number of people residing in the home, size of locality, income, and region of residence.

NEW AT ICPSR

Integrated Postsecondary Education Data System (IPEDS): Salaries, Tenure, and Fringe Benefits of Full-Time Faculty, 1996-1997 — *United States Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics* (ICPSR 2681)

The primary purpose of this survey is to collect data on the salaries, tenure, and fringe benefits of full-time instructional faculty by contract length, sex, and academic rank. These data permit analysis, from a national perspective, of the number and tenure status of full-time faculty members in relation to enrollment and number of degrees granted, and the evaluation of faculty compensation in relation to institutional financial resources, for an indication of the economic status of institutions. These data also enable trend analysis of average full-time salaries for an assessment of the economic status of full-time faculty. Salary data include total salary outlays and the total number of instructional faculty that were paid those outlays. Tenure data include number of faculty with tenure, number on tenure track, and number not on tenure track. Benefits data include fringe benefit expenditures and the number of full-time faculty covered by retirement, medical/dental, and group life insurance plans.

Social Weather Stations Survey [Philippines]: Quarter III, 1995 — *Social Weather Stations* (ICPSR 2694)

Social Weather Stations Survey [Philippines]: Quarter IV, 1995 — *Social Weather Stations* (ICPSR 2695)

Survey of Adults on Probation, 1995: [United States] — *United States Department of Justice, Bureau of Justice Statistics* (ICPSR 2039)

Survey of California's Nonpoor Uninsured and Individually Insured Adults, 1998 — *Jill Yegian and Eleanor Murray* (ICPSR 2688)

Survey of Employment, Income, and Attitudes in Russia (SEIAR), January-March 1998 — *Theodore P. Gerber* (ICPSR 2732)

Survey of Income and Program Participation (SIPP) 1996 Panel — *United States Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census* (ICPSR 2625)

Survey of Inmates of Local Jails, 1996: [United States] — *United States Department of Justice, Bureau of Justice Statistics* (ICPSR 6858)

Survey on Russian Marriages, 1996 — *Dana Vannoy* (ICPSR 2692)

Survey on Street Disorder in Large Municipalities in the United States, 1994-1996 — *Roger Conner, Robert Teir, and Richard Baum* (ICPSR 2479)

Treatment Episode Data Set (TEDS), 1996 — *United States Department of Health and Human Services, Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, Office of Applied Studies* (ICPSR 2651)

Uniform Crime Reporting Program [United States]: Arrests by Age, Sex, and Race for Police Agencies in Metropolitan Statistical Areas, 1960-1995 — *Rowland Chilton and Dee Weber* (ICPSR 2538)

Uniform Crime Reports (UCR) and Federal Information Processing Standards (FIPS) State and County Geographic Codes, 1990: United States — *Inter-university Consortium for Political and Social Research* (ICPSR 2565)

United Nations World Surveys on Crime Trends and Criminal Justice Systems, 1970-1994: Restructured Five-Wave Data — *R.W. Burnham and Helen Burnham* (ICPSR 2513)

Voter News Service General Election Exit Polls, 1998 — *Voter News Service* (ICPSR 2780)

Washington Post Calling Witnesses Poll, January 1999 — *The Washington Post* (ICPSR 2715)

Washington Post End of Trial Poll, February 1999 — *The Washington Post* (ICPSR 2722)

Washington Post "What Clinton Should Do" Poll, December 1998 — *The Washington Post* (ICPSR 2711)

R

evisions/Updates

Aging of Veterans of the Union Army: United States Federal Census Records, 1850, 1860, 1900, 1910 — Robert W. Fogel *et al.* (ICPSR 6836)

Arrests As Communications to Criminals in St. Louis, 1970, 1972–1982 — Carol W. Kohfeld and John Sprague (ICPSR 9998)

Australian Longitudinal Study of Aging, Waves 1–4 [1992–1996] — Gary R. Andrews and George C. Myers (ICPSR 6707)

Census of Population and Housing, 1990 [United States]: Summary Tape File 1A — United States Department of Commerce. Bureau of the Census (ICPSR 9575)

Common Core of Data: Public School Universe Data, 1988–1989 — United States Department of Education. National Center for Education Statistics (ICPSR 6902)

Common Core of Data: Public School Universe Data, 1991–1992 — United States Department of Education. National Center for Education Statistics (ICPSR 2554)

Common Core of Data: Public School Universe Data, 1993–1994 — United States Department of Education. National Center for Education Statistics (ICPSR 6910)

Community Tracking Study Household Survey, 1996–1997: [United States] — Center for Studying Health System Change (ICPSR 2524)

Community Tracking Study Physician Survey, 1996–1997: [United States] — Center for Studying Health System Change (ICPSR 2597)

Demographic Characteristics of Washtenaw County, Michigan, in 1860 — Maris A. Vinovskis (ICPSR 8445)

Eurobarometer 47.0: Images of Germany, Consumer Issues, Electronic Information, and Fair Trade Practices, January–February 1997 — Anna Melich (ICPSR 2088)

Eurobarometer 47.1: Images of Switzerland, Education Throughout Life, Racism, and Patterns of Family Planning and Work Status, March–April 1997 — Anna Melich (ICPSR 2089)

Evaluation of the Implementation and Impact of the Massachusetts Intensive Probation Supervision Project, 1984–1985 — James M. Byrne and Linda M. Kelly (ICPSR 9970)

Expanded United States Supreme Court Judicial Database, 1946–1968 Terms — Harold J. Spaeth (ICPSR 6557)

General Social Surveys, 1972–1998: [Cumulative File] — James A. Davis and Tom W. Smith (ICPSR 2685)

German Election Study, 1992 (Politbarometer West) — Forschungsgruppe Wahlen (Mannheim) (ICPSR 6392)

Higher Education General Information Survey (HEGIS), 1982–1983: Faculty Compensation — United States Department of Education. National Center for Education Statistics (ICPSR 8289)

Improving Correctional Classification, New York, 1981–1983 — Kevin Wright (ICPSR 8437)

Indonesian Family Life Survey, 1993 — Paul Gertler, Lembaga Demografi, *et al.* (ICPSR 6706)

Inmate Victimization in State Prisons in the United States, 1979 — Jan E. Schreiber (ICPSR 8087)

NEW AT ICPSR

National Health Interview Survey, 1996 — United States Department of Health and Human Services. National Center for Health Statistics (ICPSR 2661)

The purpose of the National Health Interview Survey (NHIS) is to obtain information about the amount and distribution of illness, its effects in terms of disability and chronic impairments, and the kinds of health services people receive. The variables in the Household Record file (Part 1) include type of living quarters, size of family, number of families in the household, presence of a telephone, number of unrelated individuals, and region. The Person Record file (Part 2) includes information on sex, age, race, marital status, Hispanic origin, education, veteran status, family income, family size, major activities, health status, activity limits, employment status, and industry and occupation. These variables are found in the Condition, Doctor Visit, and Hospital Record files as well. The Person Record also supplies data on height, weight, bed days, doctor visits, hospital stays, years at residence, and region variables. The Condition Record file (Part 3) contains information for each reported health condition, with specifics on injury and accident reports. The Doctor Visit Record file (Part 4) documents doctor visits within the time period and identifies acute or chronic conditions. The Hospital Record file (Part 5) provides information on medical conditions, hospital episodes, type of service, type of hospital ownership, date of admission and discharge, number of nights in hospital, and operations performed.

NEW AT ICPSR

Pathways to Adulthood: A Three-Generation Urban Study, 1960–1994: [Baltimore, Maryland] —

Janet B. Hardy and Sam Shapiro
(ICPSR 2420)

This collection incorporates both prospective and retrospective data on three generations of families initially living in inner-city Baltimore, Maryland. The prospective data were selected from the Johns Hopkins Collaborative Perinatal Study (JHCPS), a survey of pregnant women (the first-generation mothers, abbreviated as G1) and the children born to them during 1960–1965 (the second-generation children, abbreviated as G2) at John Hopkins Hospital. The retrospective data come from a follow-up study, conducted in 1992–1994, of G1, G2, and the children born to G2 (the third-generation children, abbreviated as G3). Data from JHCPS on G1 include obstetrical and reproductive history at registration for prenatal care, sociological/family history variables at or around delivery of G2 and when G2 was age 7, and observations of mother with child when G2 was 4 months old and 8 months old. For G2, the data from JHCPS include delivery room observations at birth, and clinical data at ages 4 months, 8 months, 12 months, 36 months, 48 months, 7-1/2 years, and 8 years. Retrospective data on G1 include variables on education, employment, family composition, health and health care usage, housing conditions, income and income sources, relationship history, neighborhood characteristics at registration to JHCPS and current, and reproductive history. For G2, data from the follow-up include information on aspirations, education, schooling, employment, family composition, health and health care usage, housing conditions, income and income sources, legal problems, living arrangements, relationship history, reproductive history, social relationships, smoking, and substance abuse. Data for the assessed third-generation children include information on cognitive development, academic achievement and behavior, prenatal care, health, day care, and parental aspirations.

Integrated Postsecondary Education Data System (IPEDS): Earned Degrees, 1989–1990 —

United States Department of Education. National Center for Education Statistics (ICPSR 9858)

Integrated Postsecondary Education Data System (IPEDS): Institutional Characteristics, 1989–1990 —

United States Department of Education. National Center for Education Statistics (ICPSR 9527)

Marion County [Oregon] Youth Study, 1964–1979 — Kenneth Polk (ICPSR 8334)

Monitoring of Federal Criminal Sentences, 1987–1996 —

United States Sentencing Commission (ICPSR 9317)

National Crime Victimization Survey, 1992–1996 — United States

Department of Justice. Bureau of Justice Statistics (ICPSR 6406)

National Education Longitudinal Study, 1988: First Follow-Up (1990) —

United States Department of Education. National Center for Education Statistics (ICPSR 9859)

National Health Interview Survey, 1994: Second Supplement on Aging —

United States Department of Health and Human Services. National Center for Health Statistics (ICPSR 2563)

National Household Survey on Drug Abuse, 1982 — United States

Department of Health and Human Services. National Institute on Drug Abuse (ICPSR 6845)

National Household Survey on Drug Abuse, 1985 — National Institute on

Drug Abuse (ICPSR 6844)

National Household Survey on Drug Abuse, 1988 — United States

Department of Health and Human Services. National Institute on Drug Abuse (ICPSR 9522)

National Household Survey on Drug Abuse, 1991 — United States

Department of Health and Human Services. National Institute on Drug Abuse (ICPSR 6128)

National Household Survey on Drug Abuse, 1992 — United States

Department of Health and Human Services. Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration. Office of Applied Studies (ICPSR 6887)

National Household Survey on Drug Abuse, 1993 — United States

Department of Health and Human Services. Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration. Office of Applied Studies (ICPSR 6852)

National Judicial Reporting Program, 1994: [United States] —

United States Department of Justice. Bureau of Justice Statistics (ICPSR 6855)

National Survey of Black Americans, 1979–1980 — James S. Jackson and

Gerald Gurin (ICPSR 8512)

National Survey of Jails: Jurisdiction-Level Data, 1987 — United States

Department of Justice. Bureau of Justice Statistics (ICPSR 9074)

Schools and Staffing Survey, 1987–1988 [United States]: Revised Version —

United States Department of Education. National Center for Education Statistics (ICPSR 2733)

Second Malaysian Family Life Survey: 1988 Interviews — Julie DaVanzo

and John Haaga (ICPSR 9805)

State Courts Statistics, 1985–1997: [United States] — National Center

for State Courts (ICPSR 9266)

Study of Consumer Purchases in the United States, 1935–1936 —

United States Department of Labor. Bureau of Labor Statistics, United States Department of Agriculture. Bureau of Home Economics, et al. (ICPSR 8908)

Survey of Income and Program Participation (SIPP) 1993 Panel —

United States Department of Commerce. Bureau of the Census (ICPSR 6886)

Survey of Income and Program Participation (SIPP) 1996 Panel —

United States Department of Commerce. Bureau of the Census (ICPSR 2625)

Survey of Inmates of Local Jails, 1996:
[United States] — United States
Department of Justice. Bureau of
Justice Statistics (ICPSR 6858)

Survey of Parents and Children, 1990:
[United States] — National
Commission on Children
(ICPSR 9595)

**Survey of Victimization and Attitudes
Towards Crime and Law
Enforcement in Boston and
Chicago, 1966** — Albert J. Reiss, Jr.
(ICPSR 9085)

**Uniform Crime Reporting Program Data
[United States], 1966–1976** —
United States Department of Justice.
Federal Bureau of Investigation
(ICPSR 7676)

**United States Historical Election
Returns, 1824–1968** —
Inter-university Consortium for
Political and Social Research
(ICPSR 0001)

**United States Supreme Court Judicial
Database, 1953–1997 Terms** —
Harold J. Spaeth (ICPSR 9422)

**Voter News Service Presidential Primary
Exit Polls, 1996** — Voter News
Service (ICPSR 2015)

NEW AT ICPSR

**Treatment Episode Data Set (TEDS),
1996** — *United States Department of
Health and Human Services.
Substance Abuse and Mental Health
Services Administration. Office of
Applied Studies* (ICPSR 2651)

The Treatment Episode Data Set (TEDS) is an administrative data system providing descriptive information about the national flow of admissions to providers of substance abuse treatment. The TEDS series was designed to provide annual data on the number and characteristics of persons admitted to public and private substance abuse treatment programs receiving public funding. The unit of analysis is treatment admissions. TEDS provides information on service setting, number of prior treatments, primary source of referral, employment status, whether methadone was prescribed in treatment, DSM-III-R codes, presence of psychiatric problems, living arrangements, source of income, health insurance, expected source of payment, substance(s) abused, route of administration, frequency of use, age at first use, pregnancy and veteran status, health insurance, and days waiting to enter treatment. Substances abused include alcohol, marijuana and hash, cocaine and crack, heroin and other opiates, PCP and other hallucinogens, stimulants, tranquilizers, barbiturates, inhalants, over-the-counter substances, and other. Demographic variables cover age, race, gender, income, marital status, and education. The public use files were created using the files that were current as of January 1998 (the 1/98 extract).

P ublication-Related Archive

**Crash of '87: Was It Expected? The
Evidence from Options Markets** —
David S. Bates (ICPSR 1187)

**Eighty Years of Observations on the
Adjusted Monetary Base: 1918–
1997** — Richard G. Anderson and
Robert H. Rasche (ICPSR 1199)

**Fairness in the Apportionment of Seats
in the Legislature: Is There Room
for Improvement?** — Ali Carkoglu
and Emre Erdogan (ICPSR 1192)

**Historical United States Money Growth,
Inflation, and Inflation Credibility**
— William G. Dewald (ICPSR 1198)

**How Closely Do Banks Manage Vault
Cash?** — Donald S. Allen
(ICPSR 1194)

**Mass Public Decisions About Going to
War** — Richard K. Herrmann and
Philip E. Tetlock (ICPSR 1201)

**Shoe-Leather Costs of Inflation and
Policy Credibility** — Michael R.
Pakko (ICPSR 1197)

**Technical Analysis and the Profitability
of United States Foreign Exchange
Intervention** — Christopher J. Neely
(ICPSR 1193)

**Tests of the Market's Reaction to
Federal Funds Rate Target Changes**
— Daniel L. Thornton (ICPSR 1196)

**Using the Gravity Model to Estimate
the Costs of Protection** — Howard J.
Wall (ICPSR 1200)

C D-ROMs

Longitudinal Data on Crime —
Inter-university Consortium for
Political and Social Research
(ICPSR 2599) [CD0030]

Announcements

ICPSR Initiates Search for New Director

ICPSR is seeking applicants for the position of Director. The Search Committee welcomes applications for the position or suggestions for potential candidates.

Position Description

The Council of the Inter-university Consortium for Political and Social Research (ICPSR), and the Institute for Social Research (ISR) of the University of Michigan, invite applications for Director of ICPSR (a new position). We prefer candidates who also can be jointly appointed to a tenured faculty post in a relevant academic department or unit and so should have professional accomplishments that satisfy the University's tenure criteria.

ICPSR is a not-for-profit consortium of over 325 dues-paying colleges and universities around the world and is organized as a unit of the ISR. ICPSR generates, maintains, and provides access to the world's largest archive of computerized social science data; training programs for the analysis of quantitative social science data; and resources for social scientists using advanced computer technologies.

The Director of ICPSR will manage the organization, lead the staff, seek external funding, set policy together with the Council and the ISR, and be prepared to speak prominently, nationally and internationally, on behalf of issues related to social

science and its data infrastructure. We seek candidates whose background, experience, and vision for the future will provide innovative leadership in all aspects of ICPSR's mission in the context of the rapidly changing worlds of social science research, education, and information technology. Therefore the scholarly discipline of an applicant is unrestricted.

The University of Michigan is an equal opportunity employer. Applications from women and minority candidates are strongly encouraged.

Screening of applications will begin on November 1, 1999, and continue until the position is filled.

Send applications, including a personal statement of interest, resume or curriculum vitae, and names of references to the following:

ICPSR Director Search Committee
c/o Michelle Humphres
Institute for Social Research
University of Michigan
P.O. Box 1248
Ann Arbor, MI 48106-1248
Fax: 734/998-9787
Tel: 734/998-9911
E-mail: michelle@icpsr.umich.edu

For further information about this position and about ICPSR, please consult the Director Search Website:

<http://www.icpsr.umich.edu/EDSEARCH>

Members of the Search Committee include:

- Professor Gary King, Chair
Department of Government
Harvard University
- Diane Geraci
Binghamton University Libraries
State University of New York,
Binghamton
- Professor Barbara O'Keefe
Director, Media Union
University of Michigan
- Frank Stafford
Survey Research Center
University of Michigan
- Janet Vavra
Director, Technical Services, ICPSR
University of Michigan
- Michelle Humphres
Research Secretary, ICPSR
University of Michigan

Biennial OR Meeting to Be Held in Ann Arbor

The Biennial Meeting of ICPSR Official Representatives (ORs) will take place October 14-17, 1999, on the University of Michigan campus in Ann Arbor.

This is an excellent opportunity for ORs to interact and to share their experiences with other members of the social science research community. ORs can register electronically on the ICPSR Website at:

<http://www.icpsr.umich.edu/Membership/OR99/reg.html>

ICPSR Receives Grant for Infrastructure Development

ICPSR has been successful in obtaining an award through the National Science Foundation's Infrastructure competition. With the aid of this funding, which runs through August 2002, ICPSR will accomplish the following:

- Improve the tools on the ICPSR website for the discovery of data
- Substantially extend an existing database of bibliographic references to publications
- Train campus support representatives to assist with hard-to-use datasets
- Integrate major data resources outside of ICPSR fully into the searchable ICPSR metadata databases

New Members Join ICPSR

Since May of 1998, ICPSR has welcomed several institutions into the membership:

- Bilkent University, Turkey
- Bogazici University, Turkey
- Cheyney University of Pennsylvania
- Florida A&M University (Florida Consortium for Political Research)
- Medical University of South Carolina
- Millsaps College (Associated Colleges of the South)

- Université de Moncton (OCUL/CREPUQ Federation)
- Nan Hua Management College, Taiwan
- University of North Florida (Florida Consortium for Political Research)
- Rhodes College (Associated Colleges of the South)
- St. Lawrence University
- St. Mary's College of Maryland
- Samford University
- Soochow University, Taiwan
- University of Tampere (Finnish National Membership)
- Towson University
- University de Tres de Febrero, Argentina
- Washington and Lee University (Associated Colleges of the South)
- Wilfrid Laurier University (OCUL/CREPUQ Federation)

Conference on Social Science Methodology: Call for Papers

The Fifth International Conference on Social Science Methodology will take place October 3–6, 2000, in Cologne, Germany. The conference will combine all areas of quantitative and qualitative methods in empirical social research. Earlier conferences were held in Amsterdam, Dubrovnik, Trento, and Essex. The Zentralarchiv für Empirische Sozialforschung in Cologne will host the conference with the German Social Science Infrastructure Service (GESIS) acting as co-organizer.

Individuals wishing to organize a session should send a proposal for the session and a list of potential speakers. The deadline for session organizers (full proposal) is September 30, 1999. Sessions will be approximately 90 minutes with four papers each and should be as international as possible, focusing on recent trends and developments in quantitative and qualitative methods. The deadline for abstracts for individual papers is January 31, 2000. Papers combining methods and empirical results are welcomed.

For detailed information and e-mail registration, researchers can access the conference website at <http://www.za.uni-koeln.de/rc33>.

ICPSR to Exhibit at Professional Meetings

Staff from ICPSR recently attended meetings of the American Sociological Association and the American Political Science Association as part of ICPSR's 1999 exhibit schedule. Look for the ICPSR conference display booth at the following upcoming conferences:

- American Public Health Association (APHA)
November 7–11, Chicago, IL
- American Society of Criminology (ASC)
November 17–20, Toronto, ON
- Gerontological Association of America (GSA)
November 19–23, San Francisco, CA



P.O. Box 1248, Ann Arbor, MI 48106-1248

Non-Profit Organization
U.S. Postage
PAID
Ann Arbor, Michigan
Permit No. 144

ADDRESS CORRECTION REQUESTED

**Moving? Please send us your new address,
along with your old mailing label.**

ICPSR COUNCIL MEMBERS, 1998-2000

Margo Anderson, University of Wisconsin,
Milwaukee
margo@csd.uwm.edu

Charles Betsey, Howard University
cbetsey2@aol.com

Kenneth A. Bollen, University of North
Carolina, Chapel Hill
bollen@gibbs.oit.unc.edu

Stephen Fienberg, Carnegie Mellon University
fienberg@stat.cmu.edu

Diane Geraci, State University of New York,
Binghamton
dgeraci@binghamton.edu

Gary King, Harvard University
king@harvard.edu

Paula McClain, University of Virginia
pdm6t@virginia.edu

Edward Nelson, California State University,
Fresno
ed_nelson@csufresno.edu

Huey L. Perry, Southern University,
Baton Rouge
hperry@subrmv.subr.edu

Carole Shammas, Past Chair, University of
Southern California
shammas@mizar.usc.edu

Elizabeth Stephenson, University of California,
Los Angeles
libbie@ucla.edu

Wendy Watkins, Carleton University
wwatkins@ccs.carleton.ca

Halliman A. Winsborough, Chair, University of
Wisconsin, Madison
winsboro@ssc.wisc.edu

To reach all Council members:
council@icpsr.umich.edu

ICPSR ASSOCIATE DIRECTORS

Heinz Eulau
Stanford University

Norval D. Glenn
University of Texas, Austin

M. Kent Jennings
University of California, Santa Barbara
University of Michigan

ICPSR ADMINISTRATION AND STAFF

Richard C. Rockwell, Executive Director
richard@icpsr.umich.edu (734) 998-9911

Kathleen Thomson, Administrative Manager
kthomson@icpsr.umich.edu (734) 998-9911

Michelle Humphres, Administrative Secretary
michelle@icpsr.umich.edu (734) 998-9911

ARCHIVE STAFF

Erik W. Austin, Director, Archival Development
erik@icpsr.umich.edu (734) 998-9820

Janet Vavra, Technical Director
jan@icpsr.umich.edu (734) 998-9799

Peter Granda, Assistant Archival Director
peterg@icpsr.umich.edu (734) 998-9820

Christopher S. Dunn, Assistant Archival Director
cdunn@icpsr.umich.edu (734) 998-9825

Mary Morris, Research Associate, User Support
morris@icpsr.umich.edu (734) 998-9799

JoAnne McFarland O'Rourke, Manager,
Substance Abuse and Mental Health Project
jmcfar@icpsr.umich.edu (734) 998-9820

James McNally, Manager, Program on Aging
jmcnally@icpsr.umich.edu (734) 998-9820

Zack Allen, Manager, Electronic Document
Conversion Unit
zack@icpsr.umich.edu (734) 998-9825

Kenneth F. Ferraro, NACDA Resident Scientist,
Purdue University
ferraro@purdue.edu

COMPUTING AND NETWORK SERVICES

John E. Gray, Director
jgray@icpsr.umich.edu (734) 998-9920

EDUCATIONAL RESOURCES

Henry Heltowit, Director
hank@icpsr.umich.edu (734) 998-9888

ICPSR BULLETIN FALL 1999 — VOL. XX, NO. 1

The Inter-university Consortium for Political and Social Research (ICPSR), located at the Institute for Social Research in Ann Arbor, is the world's largest repository of computer-readable social science data. For over 35 years, the Consortium has served the social science community by acquiring, processing, and distributing data collections on a broad range of topics. Researchers at the Consortium's member institutions may obtain any of these data collections at no charge; researchers at nonmember institutions may also use the data, after paying an access fee. To find out more about ICPSR's holdings or about a specific data collection, access the ICPSR Website at the URL: <http://www.icpsr.umich.edu>.

The *ICPSR Bulletin* is published four times during each academic year to inform Official Representatives at the member campuses, ICPSR Council members, and other interested scholars of activities occurring at ICPSR and at other member institutions and to list the data collections most recently released or updated by ICPSR. For subscription information, contact the Editor.

Subscription Price: \$15 per year

ICPSR
Institute for Social Research
426 Thompson St., Ann Arbor, MI 48104-2321
P.O. Box 1248, Ann Arbor, MI 48106-1248

Phone: (734) 998-9900
Fax: (734) 998-9889
E-mail: netmail@icpsr.umich.edu

Mary B. Vardigan, Editor
Amy B. Garber, Associate Editor



Printed on recycled paper